#### SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

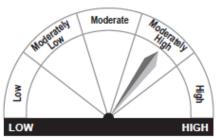
# **UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund (UTI-RBP)**

(An Open-ended notified tax saving-cum-pension scheme with no assured returns)

## This product is suitable for investors who are seeking\*:

- Long term capital appreciation
- Investment in equity instruments (maximum-40%) and debt/money market instruments

# Riskometer



Investors understand that their principal will be at Moderately High risk

#### **UTI Mutual Fund**

# **UTI Asset Management Company Limited**

#### **UTI Trustee Company Private Limited**

Address of the Mutual Fund, AMC and Trustee Company:

UTI Tower, Gn Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051.

Website: www.utimf.com

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / UTI Financial Centers (UFCs) / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of UTI Mutual Fund, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.utimf.com

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest UTI Financial Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated September 7, 2017.

<sup>\*</sup> Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them

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# **HIGHLIGHTS**

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Investment		jective and policies of the		• • •		
Objective	the form of periodical income / cash flow to the unitholders to the extent of					
	redemption value of their holding after they complete 58 years of age. Considering the objective of the scheme not less than sixty percent of the assets will be invested					
			• •			
		me securities, like non-cor				
	money market instruments of predominantly low to medium risk profile. Not more					
	than 40% of the funds of the scheme may be invested in equities and equity related instruments like fully/ partly convertible debentures, convertible preference shares					
		rofile of equity investment		ertible preference shares		
Benchmark		Hybrid (60:40)	s could be mgn.			
Transparency		NAV on every business da	287			
	Deciaration of	. IVA v on every business u	ay.			
/NAV Disclosure						
Eligible Investors	Open to reside	ent as well as non-resident	Indian adult individ	uals.		
Loads		d (as % of NAV): Nil				
	B. Exit Load	(as % of NAV): as detailed	d below			
		Period of Holding		Exit Load		
				(as % of NAV)		
	Less than one	•		5%		
		r equal to one year and less	s than three years	3%		
	Greater than o	r equal to three years		1%		
	-	t maturity (i.e. 58 years of	•	Nil		
	years from the	date of investment which	ever is later			
Liquidity	The scheme w	vill offer subscription and re	edemption of units	on every business day on		
		sis except during book clos	sure period/s.			
Plans Offered	1. Existing Plan					
	2. Direct Plan**					
	**Direct Plan:					
	Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase/subscribe units directly with the Fund					
	and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor.					
	All categories of Investors (whether existing or new Unitholders) as permitted under					
	this SID are eligible to subscribe under Direct Plan. Investments under the Direct					
	Plan can be made through various modes (except all Platform(s) where investor's					
	applications fo	or subscription of units are	routed through Dist	ributors).		
	mi pi pi	111.1	1 1 5 1/0			
		an will be a separate plan				
		lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission etc and will have a separate NAV. No commission shall be paid/charged from Direct Plan.				
	separate IVA V	. 140 commission shan be [	aiu/ciiaigeu IIOIII L	ricet i iaii.		
	Portfolio of the Scheme under the Existing Plan and Direct Plan will be common.					
	Fortiono of the Scheme under the Existing Plan and Direct Plan will be common.					
	How to apply	y: Investors subscribing ur	nder Direct Plan of	UTI-Retirement Benefit		
	Pension Fund will have to indicate "Direct Plan" against the Scheme name in the					
	application form, as for example, "UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund - Direct					
	Plan".					
	Treatment of applications under "Direct" / "Existing" Plans:					
	Scenario	Broker Code mentioned		oy Default Plan to be		
	Scenario	by the investor	the investor	captured		
	1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan		
	2	Not mentioned  Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan		
		TAOL HIGHHOHEU	חווכנו	DIICH FIAII		

	3	Not mentioned	Existing	Direct Plan
	4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
	5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan
	6	Direct	Existing	Direct Plan
	7	Mentioned	Existing	Existing Plan
	8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Existing Plan
Minimum	In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application shall be processed under Existing Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load.  For further details on Direct Plan, please refer to SAI.			
Minimum	The minimum amount of each investment that can be made in the scheme is ₹500/-			
Application	(purchase value). While there is no upper limit upto which any amount can be			
Amount	invested in the scheme in any year, it may be noted that under current tax laws only a			
	sum upto ₹1,50,000/- along with other specified investments is entitled for tax			
	benefit in a y	ear under section 80 C of	Income Tax Act, 1961.	

#### I. INTRODUCTION

#### A. RISK FACTORS

# **Standard Risk Factors**

- 1. Investment in Mutual Fund units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.
- 2. As the price / value / interest rates of the securities in which the scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the scheme may go up or down.
- 3. Past performance of the Sponsors / AMC / Mutual Fund does not guarantee future performance of the scheme.
- 4. The name of the scheme does not in any manner indicate either the quality of the scheme or its future prospects and returns.
- 5. The sponsors are not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the scheme beyond the initial contribution of ₹10,000/- made by them towards setting up the Fund.
- 6. The present scheme is not a guaranteed or assured return scheme.
- 7. Statements / Observations made are subject to the laws of the land as they exist at any relevant point of time.
- 8. Growth, appreciation, dividend and income, if any, referred to in this Scheme Information Document are subject to the tax laws and other fiscal enactments as they exist from time to time.
- 9. The NAVs of the Scheme may be affected by changes in the general market conditions, factors and forces affecting capital market, in particular, level of interest rates, various market related factors and trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures.
- 10. **Credit Risk:** Bonds / debentures as well as other money market instruments issued by corporates run the risk of down grading by the rating agencies and even default as the worst case. Securities issued by Central / State governments have lesser to zero probability of credit / default risk in view of the sovereign status of the issuer.
- 11. Interest Rate Risk: Bonds / Government securities which are fixed income securities, run price-risk like any other fixed income security. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, the prices increase. The level of interest rates is determined by the rates at which government raises new money through RBI and the price levels at which the market is already dealing in existing securities, rate of inflation etc. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the prevailing coupon rate, number of days to maturity of a security and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates. The prices of Bonds / Government securities are also influenced by the liquidity in the financial system and / or the open market operations (OMO) by RBI. Pressure on exchange rate of the Rupee may also affect security prices. Such rise and fall in price of bonds / central government securities in the portfolio of the scheme may influence the NAV of the scheme as and when such changes occur.
- 12. **Liquidity Risk:** The Indian debt market is such that a large percentage of the total traded volumes on particular days might be concentrated in a few securities. Traded volumes for particular securities differ significantly on a daily basis. Consequently, the Scheme might have to incur a significant "impact cost" while transacting large volumes in a particular security.
- 13. **Reinvestment Risk:** This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the securities in the Scheme are reinvested. The additional income from reinvestment is the "interest on

interest" component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.

- 14. Money Market Securities are subject to the risk of an issuer's inability to meet interest and principal payments on its obligations and market perception of the creditworthiness of the issuer.
- 15. **Securities Lending:** It is one of the means of earning additional income for the scheme with a lesser degree of risk. The risk could be in the form of non-availability of ready securities for sale during the period the securities remain lent. The scheme could also be exposed to risk through the possibility of default by the borrower / intermediary in returning the securities. However, the risk would be adequately covered by taking of suitable collateral from the borrower by the intermediary involved in the process. The scheme will have a lien on such collateral. It will also have other suitable checks and controls to minimise any risk involved in the securities lending process.
- 16. **Investment in overseas market:** The success of investment in overseas market depends upon the ability of the fund manager to understand conditions of those markets and analyse the information, which could be different from Indian markets. Operations in foreign markets would be subject to exchange rate fluctuation risk besides the market risks of those markets.

# 17. Risk Analysis on underlying asset classes in Securitisation Securitisation – Features & Investment Strategy

Asset securitisation is a process whereby commercial or consumer credits are packaged and sold in the form of financial instruments. A typical process of asset securitisation involves sale of specific Receivables to a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) set up in the form of a trust or a company. The SPV in turn issues financial instruments (e.g., promissory notes, pass through certificates or other debt instruments) to investors, such instruments evidencing the beneficial ownership of the investors in the Receivables. The financial instruments are rated by an independent credit rating agency. An Investor's Agent is normally appointed for providing trusteeship services for the transaction.

The Fund will predominantly invest only in those securitisation issuances, which have AAA rating indicating the highest level of safety from credit risk point of view at the time of making an investment.

Generally available Asset Classes for securitisation in India are:

- Commercial Vehicles
- Auto and Two wheeler pools
- Mortgage pools (residential housing loans)
- Personal Loan, credit card and other retail loans
- Corporate loans / receivables

The fund may invest in various type of securitization issuances as given above, including but not limited to Asset Backed Securitisation, Mortgage Backed Securitisation, Personal Loan Backed Securitisation, Collateralized Loan Obligation / Collateralized Bond Obligation and so on.

#### 18. Risk Factors specific to investments in Securitised Papers

Types of Securitised Debt vary and carry different levels and types of risks. Credit Risk on Securitised Bonds depends upon the Originator and varies depending on whether they are issued with Recourse to Originator or otherwise. A structure with Recourse will have a lower Credit Risk than a structure without Recourse. Underlying assets in Securitised Debt may assume different forms and the general types of receivables include Auto Finance, Credit Cards, Home Loans or any such receipts, Credit risks relating to these types of receivables depend upon various factors including macro economic factors of these industries and economies. Specific factors like nature and adequacy of property mortgaged against these borrowings, nature of loan agreement / mortgage deed in case of Home Loan, adequacy of documentation in case of Auto Finance and Home Loans, capacity of borrower to meet its obligation on borrowings in case of Credit Cards and intentions of the borrower influence the risks relating to the asset borrowings underlying the securitised debt.

Holders of the securitised assets may have low credit risk with diversified retail base on underlying assets especially when securitised assets are created by high credit rated tranches, risk profiles of Planned Amortisation Class tranches (PAC), Principal Only Class Tranches (PO) and Interest Only class tranches (IO) will differ depending upon the interest rate movement and speed of prepayment. Various types of major risks pertaining to Securitised Paper are as below:

## Liquidity & Price risk

Presently, secondary market for securitised papers is not very liquid. This could limit the ability of the investor to resell them. Even if a secondary market develops and sales were to take place, these secondary transactions may be at a discount to the initial issue price due to changes in the interest rate structure.

#### **Delinquency and Credit Risk**

Securitised transactions are normally backed by pool of receivables and credit enhancement as stipulated by the rating agency, which differ from issue to issue. The Credit Enhancement stipulated represents a limited loss cover to the Investors. These Certificates represent an undivided beneficial interest in the underlying receivables and there is no obligation of either the Issuer or the Seller or the originator, or the parent or any affiliate of the Seller, Issuer and Originator. No financial recourse is available to the Certificate Holders against the Investors' Representative. Delinquencies and credit losses may cause depletion of the amount available under the Credit Enhancement and thereby the Investor Payouts may get affected if the amount available in the Credit Enhancement facility is not enough to cover the shortfall. On persistent default of a Obligor to repay his obligation, the Servicer may repossess and sell the underlying Asset. However many factors may affect, delay or prevent the repossession of such Asset or the length of time required to realize the sale proceeds on such sales. In addition, the price at which such Asset may be sold may be lower than the amount due from that Obligor.

#### **Prepayment Risk**

Asset securitisation is a process whereby commercial or consumer credits are packaged and sold in the form of financial instruments. Full prepayment of underlying loan contract may during the tenure of the paper. In the event of prepayments, investors may be exposed to changes in tenor and reinvestment risk.

#### 19. Trading in debt and equity derivatives involves certain specific risks like

- (a) Credit Risk: This is the risk on default by the counter party. This is usually to the extent of difference between actual position and contracted position. This risk is substantially mitigated where derivative transactions happen through clearing corporation.
- (b) Market Risk: Market movement may also adversely affect the pricing and settlement of derivative trades like cash trades.
- (c) Illiquidity Risk: The risk that a derivative product may not be sold or purchased at a fair price due to lack of liquidity in the market.
- (d) An exposure to derivatives can lead to losses. Success of dealing in derivatives depends on the ability of the fund manager to correctly assess the future market movement and in the event of incorrect assessment, if any, performance of the scheme could be lower.
- (e) Interest Rate Swaps (IRSs) and Forward Rate Agreements (FRAs) do also have inherent credit and settlement risks. However, these risks are substantially less as they are limited to the interest stream and not the notional principal amount.
- (f) Participating in derivatives is a highly specialized activity and entails greater than ordinary investment risks. Notwithstanding such derivatives being used for limited purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing, the overall market in these segments could be highly speculative due to action of other participants in the market.

20. The aggregate value of "illiquid securities" of scheme, which are defined by SEBI as non traded, thinly traded and unlisted equity shares, shall not exceed 15% of the total assets of the scheme and any illiquid securities held above 15% of the total assets shall be assigned zero value.

The scheme would aim to invest in a higher proportion of liquid and traded debt instruments including Government Securities. As the Indian Debt market is characterized by high degree of illiquidity, the proposed aggregate holding of assets considered "illiquid", including debt securities (for which there is no active established market), could be more than 10% of the value of the net assets of the scheme. In normal course of business, the scheme would be able to make payment of redemption proceeds within 10 business days, as it would have sufficient exposure to liquid assets.

In case of the need for exiting from such illiquid debt instruments in a short period of time, the NAV of the scheme could be impacted adversely.

- 21. In the event of receipt of inordinately large number of redemption requests or of a restructuring of the Schemes' portfolio, there may be delays in the redemption of units.
- 22. Different types of securities in which the scheme would invest as given in the Scheme Information Document carry different levels and types of risk. Accordingly the scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern. For e.g. corporate bonds carry a higher amount of risk than Government securities. Further even among corporate bonds, bonds which are AAA rated are comparatively less risky than bonds which are AA rated.
- 23. Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.

## **Risk Factors Associated with Investments in REITs and InvITS:**

#### VOLATILITY OF DISTRIBUTIONS

The REITs & InvITs distributions will be based on the Net Distributable Cash Flows available for distribution, and not on whether the REITs & InvITs makes an accounting profit or loss. The amount of cash available for distribution principally depends upon the amount of cash that the REIT/INVIT receives as dividends or the interest and principal payments from portfolio assets. The cash flows generated by portfolio assets from operations may fluctuate based on, among other things

- Economic cycles and risks inherent in the business which may negatively impact valuations, returns and profitability of portfolio assets
- Force majeure events related such as earthquakes, floods etc. rendering the portfolio assets inoperable
- Debt service requirements and other liabilities of the portfolio assets
- Fluctuations in the working capital needs of the portfolio assets
- Ability of portfolio assets to borrow funds and access capital markets
- Changes in applicable laws and regulations, which may restrict the payment of dividends by portfolio assets
- Amount and timing of capital expenditures on portfolio assets
- Insurance policies may not provide adequate protection against various risks associated with operations of the REIT/InvIT such as fire, natural disasters, accidents

#### OPERATIONAL AND RESIDUAL RISKS

- REIT & InvITs Assets are subject to various risks that we may not be insured against, adequately or at all, including:
- (i) Changes in governmental and regulatory policies;
- (ii) Shortages of, or adverse price movement for, materials, equipment and plants;
- (iii) Design and engineering defects;
- (iv) Breakdown, failure or substandard performance of the underlying assets and other equipments;
- (v) Improper installation or operation of the underlying assets and other equipment;
- (vi) Terrorism and acts of war;
- (vii) Inclement weather and natural disasters;
- (viii) Environmental hazards, including earthquakes, flooding, tsunamis and landslide
- Any additional debt financing or issuance of additional Units may have a material, adverse effect on the REITs & InvITs distributions.
- Any future issuance of Units by REITs & InvITs or sales of Units by the Sponsor or any of other significant Unitholders may materially and adversely affect the trading price of the Units.
- The Valuation Report, and any underlying reports, and the valuation contained therein may not be indicative of the true value of the Project SPVs' assets.
- Risk related to business or industry sector.
- There can be no assurance that REITs & InvITs will be able to successfully undertake future acquisitions.

#### Market Risk:

REITs and InvITs are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis owing to market movements. AMC/Fund Manager's investment decisions may not always be profitable, as actual market movements may be at variance with the anticipated trends. NAV of the Scheme is vulnerable to movements in the prices of securities invested by the scheme, due to various market related factors like changes in the general market conditions, factors and forces affecting capital market, level of interest rates, trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures.

#### **Liquidity Risk:**

As the liquidity of the investments made by the scheme(s) could, at times, be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods, the time taken by the Mutual Fund for liquidating the investments in the scheme may be high in the event of immediate redemption requirement. Investment in such securities may lead to increase in the scheme portfolio risk. The subsequent valuation of illiquid units may reflect a discount from the market price of comparable securities for which a liquid market exists.

#### **Reinvestment Risk:**

Investments in REITs & InvITs may carry reinvestment risk as there could be repatriation of funds by the Trusts in form of buyback of units or dividend pay-outs, etc. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested in assets providing lower returns.

#### Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk:

REITs & InvITs run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing securities fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates.

#### **Credit Risk:**

In simple terms this risk means that the issuer of a debenture/ bond or a money market instrument may default on interest payment or even in paying back the principal amount on maturity. REITs & InvITs are likely to have volatile cash flows as the repayment dates would not necessarily be pre scheduled.

The above are some of the common risks associated with investments in REITs & InvITs.

#### **RISK MITIGATION FACTORS:**

The UTI AMC Ltd. (AMC) endeavours to invest in REITS/InvITs, where adequate due diligence and research has been performed by AMC. The AMC also relies on its own research as well as third party research. This involves one-to-one meetings with the managements, attending conferences and analyst meets and also tele-conferences. The analysis will focus, amongst others, on the strength of management, predictability and certainty of cash flows, value of assets, capital structure, business prospects, policy environment, volatility of business conditions, etc.

## B. REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM INVESTORS IN THE SCHEME

The Scheme shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme. The two conditions shall also be complied within each calendar quarter, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days notice to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25% limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the applicable Net Asset Value on the 15th day of the notice period. The Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.

### C. DEFINITIONS

In the scheme unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Acceptance date" or "date of acceptance" with reference to an application made by an applicant to the UTI Asset Management Company (UTI AMC) for purchase or redemption of units means the day on which the UTI Financial Centres (UFCs) / Registrar or the other official points of acceptance (as per the list attached with this Scheme Information Document) or notified hereafter, after being satisfied that such application is complete in all respects, accepts the same.
- 2. "Accounting Year" of UTI Mutual Fund is from April to March.
- 3. "Act" means the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, (15 of 1992) as amended from time to time.
- 4. "AMFI" means Association of Mutual Funds in India.
- 5. "Applicant" means a person who is eligible to participate in the scheme.
- 6. "Asset Management Company / UTI AMC / AMC / Investment Manager" means the UTI Asset Management Company Limited incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956, (1 of 1956) [replaced by The Companies Act, 2013 (No.18 of 2013)] and approved as such by Securities Exchange Board of India (SEBI) under sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 21 to act as the investment manager to the schemes of UTI Mutual Fund.
- 7. "Body Corporate" or "Corporation" includes a company incorporated outside India but does not include (a) a corporation sole, (b) a co-operative society registered under any law relating to cooperative societies and (c) any other body corporate (not being a company as defined in Companies Act), which the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in this behalf.

- 8. "Book Closure" is a period when the register of unit holders is closed for all transactions viz., purchase / redemption / changeover / switchover, change in particulars etc. Such Book Closure period will not exceed 15 days in a year.
- 9. "Business Day" means a day other than (i) Saturday and Sunday or (ii) a day on which the principal stock exchange with reference to which the valuation of securities under the scheme is done is closed, or the Reserve Bank of India or banks in Mumbai are closed for business, or (iii) a day on which the UTI AMC offices in Mumbai remain closed or (iv) a day on which purchase and redemption / changeover / switchover of unit is suspended by the Trustee or (v) a day on which normal business could not be transacted due to storm, floods, bandhs, strikes or such other events as the AMC may specify from time to time.

The AMC reserves the right to declare any day as a Business Day or otherwise at any or all official Points of Acceptance.

- 10. "Custodian" means a person who has been granted a certificate of registration to carry on the business of custodian under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Custodian of Securities) Regulations, 1996, and who may be appointed for rendering custodian services for the Scheme in accordance with the Regulations.
- 11. "Distributable surplus" means the Gains that has been realised on a marked to market basis and is carried forward to the balance sheet at market value, arising out of appreciation on investments which is readily available for distribution to the unit holders as Income.
- 12. "Eligible Trust" means (i) a trust created by or in pursuance of the provisions of any law which is for the time being in force in any State, or (ii) a trust, the properties of which are vested in a treasurer under the Charitable Endowments Act 1890 (Act 6 of 1890), or (iii) a religious or charitable trust which is administered or controlled or supervised by or under the provisions of any law, which is for the time being in force relating to religious or charitable trusts or, (iv) any other trust, being an irrevocable trust, which has been created for the purpose of or in connection with the endowment of any property or properties for the benefit or use of the public or any section thereof, or (v) a trust created by a will which is valid and has become effective, or (vi) any other trust, being an irrevocable trust, which has been created by an instrument in writing and includes 'depository' within the meaning of Clause(e) of Subsection (1) of Section 2 of The Depositories Act, 1996.
- 13. "Fund Manager" means the manager appointed for the day-to-day management and administration of the scheme.
- 14. "Investment Management Agreement or IMA" means the Investment Management Agreement (IMA) dated December 9, 2002, executed between UTI Trustee Company Private Limited and UTI Asset Management Company Limited.
- 15. "Investor Service Centre" such offices as are designated as Investor Service Centre (ISC) by the AMC from time to time.
- 16. "Load" is a charge that may be levied as a percentage of NAV at the time of exiting from the Scheme.
- 17. "Mutual Fund" or "Fund" or "UTIMF" means UTI Mutual Fund, a Trust under the Indian Trust Act, 1882 registered with SEBI under registration number MF / 048 / 03 / 01 dated January 14, 2003.
- 18. "NAV" means Net Asset Value of the Units of the Scheme calculated in the manner provided in this Scheme Information Document and in conformity with the SEBI Regulations as prescribed from time to time.
- 19. "Non-Resident Indian (NRI)" shall have the meaning as defined under Foreign Exchange Management (Deposit) Regulations, 2000 (FEMA Regulation 2000) framed by Reserve Bank of India under Foreign

Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999). As per FEMA Regulation 2000, "Non-Resident Indian (NRI)" means a person resident outside India who is a citizen of India or is a person of Indian origin. A person shall be deemed to be a "person of Indian origin" if he is a citizen of any country other than Bangladesh or Pakistan and if (a) he at any time held Indian passport; or (b) he or either of his parents or any of his grand parents was a citizen of India by virtue of the Constitution of India or the Citizenship Act, 1955 (57 of 1955); or (c) the person is a spouse of an Indian citizen or a person referred to in subclause (a) or (b) herein.

- 20. "Number of units deemed to be in issue" means the aggregate of the number of units issued and still remaining outstanding.
- 21. "Official points of acceptance" UTI Financial Centers (UFCs), Offices of the Registrars of the Scheme and any other authorised center as may be notified by UTI AMC from time to time are the official points of acceptance of purchase / changeover / switchover and redemption applications of the scheme. The cut off time that as mentioned in the Scheme Information Document will be applicable at these official points of acceptance. The list of official point of acceptance is attached with this document.

For purchase / redemption / changeover / switchover of units applications received at any authorized collection center, which is not an official point of acceptance, the cut off time at the official point of acceptance alone, will be applicable for determination of NAV for purchase / redemption / changeover or switchover of units.

- 22. "RBI" means the Reserve Bank of India, constituted under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- 23. "Record date" the date announced by the fund for any benefits like dividends, bonus etc. The person holding the units as per the records of UTI AMC / Registrars, on the record date shall be eligible for such benefits.
- 24. "Registrar" means a person whose services may be retained by UTI AMC to act as the Registrar under the scheme, from time to time.
- 25. "Regulations" or "SEBI Regulations" mean the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, as amended from time to time.
- 26. "Scheme" means the UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund (UTI-RBP).
- 27. "SEBI" means the Securities and Exchange Board of India set up under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (15 of 1992).
- 28. "Society" means a society established under the Societies Registration Act of 1860 (21 of 1860) or any other society established under any State or Central law for the time being in force.
- 29. "Sponsors" are Bank of Baroda, Punjab National Bank, Life Insurance Corporation of India and State Bank of India.
- 30. "Switchover" means transfer of units of one scheme of UTI MF to another scheme of UTI MF wherever permissible.
- 31. "Time" all time referred to in the Scheme Information Document stands for Indian Standard Time.
- 32. "Trustee" means UTI Trustee Company Private Limited, a company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 [replaced by The Companies Act, 2013 (No.18 of 2013)] and approved by SEBI to act as the Trustee to the schemes of UTI Mutual Fund.
- 33. "Trust Deed" means the Trust Deed dated December 9, 2002 of UTI Mutual Fund.

- 34. "Unit" means the interest of the unitholders in a scheme, which consists of each unit representing one undivided share in the assets of a scheme.
- 35. "Unit Capital" means the aggregate of the face value of units issued under the scheme and outstanding for the time being.
- 36. "Unit holder" means a person holding units in the scheme of the Mutual Fund.
- 37. In this Scheme Information Document, unless the context otherwise requires, (i) the singular includes the plural and vice versa, (ii) reference to any gender includes a reference to all other genders, (iii) heading and bold typeface are only for convenience and shall be ignored for the purposes of interpretation.

#### D. DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

# Due Diligence Certificate submitted to SEBI for UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund

#### It is confirmed that:

i. the Draft Scheme Information Document forwarded to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time except with respect to the following;

As on 24.08.2017 the total holdings of the scheme are held in the name of the scheme except securities pertaining to debt holding of Shamkeen Spinners which are held in physical form in the name of erstwhile Unit Trust of India.

- ii. all legal requirements connected with the launching of the scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc. issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with;
- iii. the disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the scheme;
- iv. the intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid as on date.

Sd/Date: September 7, 2017

Vivek Maheshwari
Place: Mumbai

Compliance Officer

#### II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

#### A. TYPE OF THE SCHEME

UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund (UTI - RBP) is an open ended notified tax savings cum pension scheme with no assured returns.

# B. WHAT IS THE INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE OF THE SCHEME?

Investment objective and policies of the scheme are primarily to provide pension in the form of periodical income/cash flow to the unitholders to the extent of redemption value of their holding after they complete 58 years of age. Considering the objective of the scheme not less than sixty percent of the assets will be invested in fixed income securities, like non-convertible debentures, bonds, other debt and money market instruments of predominantly low to medium risk profile. Not more than 40% of the funds of the scheme may be invested in equities and equity related instruments like fully/partly convertible debentures, convertible preference shares etc. The risk profile of equity investments could be high.

#### C. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

#### 1. Asset Allocation:

Instruments		Allocation tal Assets)	Risk Profile
instruments	Minimum	Maximum	KISK I TOTHE
Debt (including securitised debt)	60%	100%	Low to medium
Equity & Equity related instruments	0%	40%	High
Units issued by REITs & InvITs	0%	10%	Medium to High

#### **Investment in Money Market Instruments**

While no fixed allocation will normally be made for investment in money market instruments like Call Deposits, Commercial Papers, Treasury Bills etc. the same will be kept to the minimum generally to meet the liquidity needs of the scheme.

The above investment pattern is only indicative and may be changed by the Fund Manager for a short term period on defensive considerations keeping in view the market conditions, market opportunities, applicable SEBI (MF) Regulations 1996, legislative amendments and other political and economic factors, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit Holders. Rebalancing of the portfolio will be done when the asset allocation falls outside the range given above. If the exposure falls outside the above mentioned asset allocation pattern, it will be restored within 30 days. If the fund manager for any reason is not able to rebalance the asset allocation within 30 days, the matter would be escalated to the Investment Committee for further direction. The Investment Committee shall record the reasons in writing for the exposure falling outside the asset allocation and the Committee shall review, and as considered necessary, may further direct the manner for rebalancing the same within the range of the asset allocation as mentioned above.

#### 2. Debt market in India

#### (i) Debt Instrument Characteristics:

A Debt Instrument is basically an obligation which the borrower has to service periodically and generally has the following features:

Face Value : Stated value of the paper / Principal Amount

Coupon : Zero, fixed or floating

Frequency: Semi-annual, annual, sometimes quarterly

Maturity : Bullet, staggered

Redemption : FV, premium or discount

Options : Call/Put

Issue Price : Par (FV) or premium or discount

A debt instrument comprises of a unique series of cash flows for each paper, terms of which are decided at the time of issue. Discounting these cash flows to the present value at various applicable discount rates (market rates) provides the market price.

#### (ii) Debt Market Structure

The Indian Debt market comprises of the Money Market and the Long Term Debt Market.

**Money market instruments** are Commercial Papers (CPs), Certificates of Deposit (CDs), Treasury bills (T-bills), Repos, Inter-bank Call money deposit, CBLOs etc. They are mostly discounted instruments that are issued at a discount to face value.

**Money market instruments** have a tenor of less than one year while debt market instruments typically have a tenor of more than one year

**Long Term Debt market** in India comprises mainly of two segments *viz.*, the Government securities market and the corporate securities market.

Government securities includes central, state and local issues. The main instruments in this market are Dated securities (Fixed or Floating) and Treasury bills (Discounted Papers). The Central Government securities are generally issued through auctions on the basis of 'Uniform price' method or 'Multiple price' method while State Govt. are through on-tap sales.

Corporate debt segment on the other hand includes bonds/debentures issued by private corporates, public sector units (PSUs) and development financial institutions (DFIs). The debentures are rated by a rating agency and based on the feedback from the market, the issue is priced accordingly. The bonds issued may be fixed or floating. The floating rate debt market has emerged as an active market in the rising interest rate scenario. Benchmarks range from Overnight rates or Treasury benchmarks.

**Debt derivatives** market comprises mainly of Interest Rate Swaps linked to Overnight benchmarks called MIBOR (Mumbai Inter Bank Offered Rate) and is an active market. Banks and corporate are major players here and of late Mutual Funds have also started hedging their exposures through these products.

Securitised Debt Instruments – Asset securitization is a process of transfer of risk whereby commercial or consumer receivables are pooled packaged and sold in the form of financial instruments. A typical process of asset securitisation involves sale of specific Receivables to a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) set up in the form of a trust or a company. The SPV in turn issues financial instruments to investors, which are rated by an independent credit rating agency. Bank, Corporates, Housing and Finance companies generally issue securitised instruments. The underlying receivables generally comprise of loans of Commercial Vehicles, Auto and Two wheeler pools, Mortgage pools (residential housing loans), Personal Loan, credit card and Corporate receivables. The instrument, which is issued, includes loans or receivables maturing only after all receivables are realized. However depending on timing of underlying receivables, the average tenure of the securitized paper gives a better indication of the maturity of the instrument.

#### (iii) Regulators

RBI operates both as the monetary authority and the debt manager to the government. In its role as a monetary authority, the RBI participates in the market through open-market operations as well as through Liquidity Adjustment facility (LAF) to regulate the money supply. It also regulates the bank rate and repo rate, and uses these rates as indirect tools for its monetary policy. RBI as the debt manager issues the securities at the cheapest possible rate. SEBI regulates the debt instruments listed on the stock exchanges.

#### (iv) Market Participants

Given the large size of the trades, the debt market has remained predominantly a wholesale market.

#### **Primary Dealers**

Primary dealers (PDs) act as underwriters in the primary market, and as market makers in the secondary market.

#### **Brokers**

Brokers bring together counterparties and negotiate terms of the trade.

#### **Investors**

Banks, Insurance Companies, Mutual Funds are important players in the debt market. Other players are Trusts, Provident and pension funds.

(v) Types of security issuance and eligible investors:

Issuer	Instruments	Yields	Maturity	Investors
		(as on 31.07.2017)		
Central	Dated	6.30% - 7.08%	1-30 years	Banks, Insurance Co, PFs, MFs,
Government	Securities		-	PDs, Individuals, FPI
Central	T-Bills	6.30% - 6.12%	364/91 days	Banks, Insurance Co, PFs, MFs,
Government			-	PDs, Individuals, FPI
State	Dated	7.20% - 7.30%	10 years	Banks, Insurance Co, PFs, MFs,
Government	Securities		-	PDs, Individuals
PSUs	Bonds	7.20% - 7.40%	5-10 years	Banks, Insurance Co, PFs, MFs,
Corporates			-	PDs, Individuals, FPI
Corporates	Bonds	6.60% - 7.60%	1-10 years	Banks, MFs, Corporates,
(AAA rated)			-	Individuals, FPI
Corporates	Commercial	6.25% - 6.95%	15 days to 1 yr	Banks, MFs, Fin Inst,
_	Papers			Corporates, Individuals, FPIs
Banks	Certificates	6.15% - 6.55%	15 days to 1 yr	Banks, Insurance Co, PFs, MFs,
	of Deposit			PDs, Individuals
Banks	Bonds	7.60% - 7.80%	10-15 years	Banks, Companies, MFs, PDs,
			•	Individuals

# (vi) Trading Mechanism

#### **Government Securities and Money Market Instruments**

Currently, Government Securities (G-Sec) trades are predominantly routed though NDS-OM which is a screen based anonymous order matching systems for secondary market trading in G Sec owned by RBI. Corporate Debt is basically a phone driven market where deals are concluded verbally over recorded lines. The reporting of trade is done on the NSE Wholesale Debt Market segment.

### D. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

### 1. As per Regulation 43(1) of SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, the mutual funds can invest in

(i) ADRs/GDRs issued by Indian or foreign companies

- (ii) Equity of overseas companies listed on recognized stock exchanges overseas
- (iii) Initial and follow on public offerings for listing at recognized stock exchanges overseas
- (iv) Foreign debt securities in the countries with fully convertible currencies, short term as well as long term debt instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered credit rating agencies
- (v) Money market instruments rated not below investment grade
- (vi) Repos in the form of investment, where the counterparty is rated not below investment grade; repos should not however, involve any borrowing of funds by mutual funds
- (vii) Government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade
- (viii) Derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities
- (ix) Pending deployment of funds, in short term deposits with schedule commercial banks.
- (x) Units/securities issued by overseas mutual funds or unit trusts registered with overseas regulators and investing in (a) aforesaid securities, (b) Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) listed in recognized stock exchanges overseas or (c) unlisted overseas securities (not exceeding 10% of their net assets).

The aggregate ceiling for overseas investments as per para 1 above is US \$ 7 bn. Within the overall limit of US \$ 7 bn, mutual funds can make overseas investments subject to a maximum of US \$ 300 mn. per mutual fund.

Investment in overseas securities shall be made in accordance with the requirements stipulated by SEBI and RBI from time to time.

Under normal circumstances, the scheme shall not have an exposure of more than 10% of its net assets in foreign securities subject to regulatory limits. The fund manager will consider the risk/reward ratio of the investments in these instruments. Risks may include fluctuating currency prices, relevant regulations of exchanges/ countries, financial reporting standards, liquidity and political instability, among others. At the same time, these securities offer new investment and portfolio diversification opportunities into multi-market and multi-currency products.

(xi) Securitised debt instruments, which are either asset backed or mortgage backed securities.

## 2. Participation in repo in corporate debt securities

The scheme shall participate in repo transactions in Corporate Debt Securities within the following overall framework, as per the guidelines of Securities and Exchange Board of India and Boards of UTI Trustee Co P Ltd & UTI AMC Ltd.

#### (A) Gross Exposure Norms

- (i) The gross exposure of any scheme to 'corporate bonds repo transactions' shall not be more than 10% of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- (ii) The cumulative gross exposure through 'corporate bonds repo transactions' along with equity, debt and derivatives shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- (iii) In addition to investment restrictions specified in SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, the counter-party exposure in a scheme, considering the investments held in the debt securities and value of collaterals held through repo transactions (as a lender), shall not be more than 30% in case of money market instruments (20% in other cases).

# (B) Category of the counter-party to be considered for making investment

All entities eligible for transaction in corporate debt repos, as defined by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) and SEBI, shall be considered for repo transactions.

#### (C) Credit Rating of Counterparty to be considered for making investment

The scheme/s shall carry out repo transactions with only those counterparties, who have a credit rating of 'AA- and above' (Long term rating) or 'A1+' (Short term rating).

#### (D) Tenor of Repo

As a repo seller, the scheme/s can borrow for a period not more than six months as per the existing Regulation 44(2) of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.

As a repo buyer, the scheme/s can lend for a maximum period of one year, subject to provision/s of the Scheme Information Document (SID).

## (E) Tenor and Credit Rating of the Collateral

The scheme/s shall participate in repo transactions in Corporate `Bonds rated 'AA' and above ('A1+' in respect of money market instruments).

The tenor of the collateral shall not be more than 10 years.

#### (F) Minimum Haircut

In terms of RBI guidelines, repo transactions shall be subject to the following minimum haircuts:-

Rating of the Security	AAA	AA+	AA
Minimum Haircut	7.50%	8.50%	10%

The above are minimum stipulated haircuts where the repo period is overnight or where the remargining frequency (in case of longer tenor repos) is daily. In all other cases, Fund Manager may adopt appropriate higher haircuts.

Depending on the market conditions and risk perceptions, the Fund Manager may seek higher haircut (while lending) or give a higher haircut (while borrowing).

# (G) Risk factors and mitigation measures

# 1) Illiquidity Risk

The repo market for corporate debt securities is over the counter (OTC) and illiquid. Hence, repo obligations cannot be easily sold to other parties.

Therefore, to mitigate such risks, it has been stipulated that gross exposure to Repo in corporate bonds would be limited to 10% of net assets of the concerned scheme. Further, the tenor of repo would be taken based on nature and unit holders' pattern of the scheme.

#### 2) Counter-party risk

Credit risk would arise if the counter-party fails to repurchase the security as contracted or if counterparty fails to return the security or interest received on due date. To mitigate such risks, the schemes shall carry out repo transactions with only those counterparties, which has a credit rating of 'A1+' or 'AA- and above'. In case of lending of funds as a repo buyer, minimum haircuts on the value of the collateral security have been stipulated, and we would receive the collateral security in the scheme's account before the money is lent to the counter-party. Overall, we would have a limited number of counter-parties, primarily comprising of Mutual Funds, Scheduled Commercial banks, Financial Institutions and Primary dealers.

Similarly, in the event of the scheme being unable to pay back the money to the counterparty as contracted, the counter-party may hurriedly dispose of the assets (as they have sufficient margin) and the net proceeds may be refunded to the Scheme. Thus, the Scheme may suffer losses in such cases. Sufficient funds flow management systems are in place to mitigate such risks.

#### 3) Collateral Risk (as a repo buyer)

Collateral risks arise due to fall in the value of the security (change in credit rating and/or interest rates) against which the money has been lent under the repo arrangement. To mitigate such risks, we have stipulated the minimum credit rating of the issuer of collateral security ('AA' for long-term instruments / A1+ for money market instruments), maximum duration of the collateral security (10 years) and minimum haircuts on the value of the security. For further details refer to SAI/Addendum No.7/2014-15 dated 7<sup>th</sup> July 2014.

# 3. Participating in Derivative Products

#### **Derivatives:**

A derivative instrument, broadly, is a financial contract whose payoff structure is determined by the value of an underlying security, index, interest rate etc. Thus a derivative instrument derives its value from some underlying variable.

Derivatives are further classified into

- Futures
- Options
- Swaps

#### **Futures:**

A futures contract is a standardized contract between two parties where one of the parties commits to sell, and the other to buy, a stipulated quantity of a security at an agreed price on or before a given date in future.

#### **Options:**

An option is a derivative instrument which gives its holder (buyer) the right but not the obligation to buy or sell the underlying security at the contracted price on or before the specified date. The purchase of an option requires an up-front payment (premium) to the seller of the option.

There are two basic types of options, call option and put option.

## Call option:

A call option gives the buyer of the option the right but not the obligation to buy a given quantity of the underlying asset, at a given price (strike price), on or before a given future date.

#### **Put option:**

A put option gives the buyer of the option the right but not the obligation to sell a given quantity of the underlying asset, at a given price (strike price), on or before a given future date.

On expiry of a call option, if the market price of the underlying asset is lower than the strike price the call would expire unexercised. Likewise, if, on the expiry of a put option, the market price of the underlying asset is higher than that of the strike price the put option will expire unexercised.

The buyer/holder of an option can make loss of not more than the option premium paid to the seller/writer but the possible gain is unlimited. On the other hand, the option seller/writer's maximum gain is limited to the option premium charged by him from the buyer/ holder but can make unlimited loss.

## **Swaps:**

The exchange of a sequence of cash flows that derive from two different financial instruments. For example, the party receiving fixed in an ordinary Interest Rate Swap receives the excess of the fixed coupon payment over the floating rate payment. Of course, each payment depends on the rate, the relevant day count convention, the length of the accrual period, and the notional amount.

Debt derivatives are as of now customised over the counter products and there is no guarantee that these products will be available on tap. The provision for trading in derivatives is an enabling provision and it is not binding on the Scheme's to undertake trading on a day to day basis.

The Fund may use derivative instruments like Stock/Index Futures, Interest Rate Swaps, and Forward Rate Agreements or such other derivative instruments as may be introduced from time to time for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing, within a permissible limit of 50% of portfolio, which may be increased as permitted under the Regulations and guidelines from time to time.

# Some of the derivative techniques/ strategies that may be used are:-

- (i) The scheme will use hedging techniques including dealing in derivative products like futures and options, warrants, interest rate swaps (IRS), forward rate agreement (FRA) as may be permissible under SEBI (MFs) Regulations.
- (ii) The Scheme intends to use derivatives only for the purpose of hedging and/or re-balancing of the portfolio against any anticipated move in the equity and debt markets. A hedge is primarily designed to offset a loss on a portfolio with a gain in the hedge position.
- (iii) The Fund manager may use various strategies for trading in derivatives with a view to enhancing returns and taking cover against possible fluctuations in the market. One of the strategies could be to use index futures with a view to increasing/ decreasing the overall level of investment in equities.
- (iv) The Fund Manager may sell the index forward by taking a short position in index futures to save on the cost of outflow of funds or in the event of negative view on the market.
- (v) UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund shall have a maximum derivatives net position of 25% of the portfolio, i.e. net assets, including cash. Within this, the restriction on asset allocation would apply to derivatives position as well. This means that the maximum permissible derivatives position would be split in the same ratio as the asset allocation specified in the Scheme Information Document.

# 4. Exposure limits as per SEBI Circular No. Cir/IMD/DF/11/2010 dated 18<sup>th</sup> August 2010:

- a. The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.
- b. Mutual Funds shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.
- c. The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.
- d. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.
- e. Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following:-
  - (i) Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains.
  - (ii) Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned in Point a.
  - (iii) Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
  - (iv) The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.
- f. Mutual Funds may enter into plain vanilla interest rate swaps for hedging purposes. The counter party in such transactions has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI. Further, the value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme. Exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme.

g. Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned in point a.

#### **Definition of Exposure in case of Derivative Positions**

Each position taken in derivatives shall have an associated exposure as defined under. Exposure is the maximum possible loss that may occur on a position. However, certain derivative positions may theoretically have unlimited possible loss. Exposure in derivative positions shall be computed as follows:

Position	Exposure
Long Future	Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
Short Future	Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
Option bought	Option Premium Paid * Lot Size * Number of Contracts.

The AMC retains the right to enter into such derivative transactions as may be permitted by the Regulations from time to time. For risks associated with investments in derivatives investors are requested to refer to Risk Factors of this Scheme Information Document.

## E. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

It is a scheme with a long term investment horizon. Owing to its long-term nature, emphasis will be on adjusting the asset allocation and the mix within an asset class depending on the prevailing market conditions.

### **Portfolio Turnover Policy**

The scheme portfolio management style is conducive to a low portfolio turnover rate. However, the scheme will take advantage of the opportunities that present themselves from time to time because of the inefficiencies in the securities markets. A high portfolio turnover rate in the equity component of the portfolio may represent arbitrage opportunities that exist for scripts held in the portfolio. The AMC will endeavour to balance the increased cost on account of higher portfolio turnover with the benefits derived there from.

# F. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the scheme, in terms of Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations:

#### (i) Type of Scheme

UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund (UTI - RBP) is an open ended notified tax savings cum pension scheme with no assured returns.

# (ii) Investment objective

Main Objective - as given in Clause II B

**Investment pattern**- The tentative Equity/Debt/Money Market portfolio break-up with minimum and maximum asset allocation, while retaining the option to alter the asset allocation for a short term period on defensive considerations – as given in Clause II C (1)

# (iii) Terms of issue

- Liquidity provision of redemption: Only provisions relating to redemption as given in the SID.
- Aggregate Expense and Fees [as given in clause IV (A) (2) to (3)] charged to the scheme.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Trustee shall ensure that no

change in the fundamental attributes of the scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) there under or the trust or fees and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the scheme(s) and Plan(s) / Option(s) there under and affect the interest of the unitholders, is carried out unless -

- (i) A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each unit holder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- (ii) The unit holders are given an option for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

# G. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

CRISIL Debt Hybrid (60:40) is the benchmark index for UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund. CRISIL Debt Hybrid (60:40) has 60:40 debt equity weights. Returns for the debt component is taken as the return of CRISIL STBEX and returns for the equity component is taken as return of Nifty. CRISIL Debt Hybrid (60:40) has been chosen as the benchmark for the scheme on the basis of the investment pattern/objective of the scheme and the composition of the index. The benchmark may be changed in future if a benchmark better suited to the investment objective of the scheme is available.

# H. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

# **Management of UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund**

Amandeep Chopra (Debt Portfolio) & V Srivasta (Equity Portfolio) are the fund managers of UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund.

Shri Sharwan Kumar Goyal is the dedicated Fund Manager for Overseas Investment.

_	Qualifications	Experience	Other Schemes Managed
(in yrs)  Amandeep Chopra 47 yrs  (Managing the Scheme since December 2006)	BSc, MBA	He has overall 25 years of experience. For the last 22 years he has been associated with UTI having worked in the areas of Investment Research and Funds Management. Prior to erstwhile Unit Trust of India, he has worked as Production Coordinator with Aaina Exports Ltd. from May, 1990 to January 1991, as Quality Control Inspector with Stenay Ltd. From February, 1991 to August, 1992.	UTI-Bond Fund; UTI-Children's Career Balanced Plan (Debt Portfolio); UTI-Dynamic Bond Fund; UTI-Gilt Advantage Fund; UTI-G-Sec Fund; UTI-Liquid Cash Plan (along with Amit Sharma); UTI-Medium Term Fund (along with Ritesh Nambiar); UTI-MIS-Advantage Plan; (Debt Portfolio) UTI-Money Market Fund (along with Amit Sharma); UTI-Monthly Income Scheme; (Debt Portfolio); UTI-Smart Woman Savings Plan; UTI-Unit Linked Insurance Plan.(Debt Portfolio); UTI-Unit Scheme for Charitable & Religious Trusts & Registered Societies (Debt Portfolio).

F			
V. Srivasta	B.Com., CA,	He has been with UTI AMC since	UTI-Balanced Fund (Equity
43 yrs	ICWA,	2002. Prior to joining UTI AMC, he	Portfolio),
	PGDM	has worked with Ford, Rhodes Parks	UTI-CRTS (Equity Portfolio);
(Managing		& Co., Chartered Accountants for 3	UTI-Capital Protection Oriented
the Scheme		years and as Officer-Audit in Madras	Schemes IV-Series I, II, & III
since		Cements Ltd. He started in UTI	(Equity Portfolio);
November		AMC in the Department of securities	UTI-Dual Advantage Fixed Term
2009)		research covering varied sectors such	Funds Series –I – I, II, III, IV & V
		as Information Technology, Capital	(Equity Portfolio);
		goods and metals. He was promoted	UTI-Monthly Income Scheme
		as fund manager offshore in	(Equity Portfolio).
		December 2005 after a three year	UTI-Pharma & Healthcare Fund
		stint in the DOSR. He was given	(along with Ritesh Rathod),
		additional responsibilities of equity	UTI-Top 100 Fund;
		portion of hybrid funds in October	UTI-Wealth Builder Fund.
		2009. He reports to the Head -	Offshore Funds:
		Equities for both the domestic hybrid	India Fund 1986,
		equity and offshore equity schemes.	India Pharma &
			UTI India Debt Opportunities
			Fund,
			Offshore Funds Advisory-
			Milltrust India Fund &
			Spectrum India Fund.
Sharwan	B.Com., CFA	He began his career with UTI AMC	Fund Manager – Overseas
Kumar Goyal	(USA),	in June 2006 and has over 10 years	Investment
36 years	MMS	of experience in Risk Management,	
(Managing		Equity Research and Portfolio	
since March		Analysis.	
2017)			

#### I. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS?

Subject to SEBI (MFs) Regulations, guidelines on investment from time to time:

(a) The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorised to carry out such activity under the Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of directors of the asset management company:

Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in Government Securities, treasury bills and collateralized borrowing and lending obligations.

Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitised debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with the Board.

(b) The scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in unrated debt instruments issued by a single issuer and the total investment in such instruments shall not exceed 25% of the NAV of the scheme. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of Directors of UTI Trustee Company and UTI AMC.

UTI Mutual Fund may constitute committees who can approve proposals for investments in unrated instruments. However, the detailed parameters for such investments shall be approved by the AMC Boards and the Trustees. The details of such investments shall be communicated by UTI AMC to the

Trustees in their periodical reports. However, in case any security does not fall under the parameters, the prior approval of the Board of AMC and Trustees shall be required.

#### Prudential limits in sectoral exposure and group exposure of the Scheme:

The exposure of the Scheme in a particular sector (excluding investments in Bank CDs, CBLO, G-Secs, TBills, short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks and AAA rated securities issued by Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 25% of the net assets of the Scheme:

Provided that an additional exposure to financial services sector (over and above the limit of 25%) not exceeding 15% of the net assets of the Scheme shall be allowed only by way of increase in exposure to Housing Finance Companies (HFCs).

Provided further that the additional exposure to such securities issued by HFCs are rated AA and above and these HFCs are registered with National Housing Bank (NHB) and the total investment/ exposure in HFCs shall not exceed 25% of the net assets of the Scheme as per SEBI Guideline contained in Circular No SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2017/14 dated February 22, 2017.

#### Group exposure -

- i. The total exposure of the Scheme in a group (excluding investments in securities issued by Public Sector Units, Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 25% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees.
- ii. For this purpose, a group means a group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (Regulations) and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates.

UTI AMC has appropriate in-built systems control and continuous review mechanism to ensure that counterparty risk exposure arising out of all financial transactions including OTC derivative and repo transactions are within the limits as specified above. Internal control mechanisms ensure adherence to these limits and type of exposures i.e., the scheme shall not invest more than 15% of its NAV in debt instruments issued by a single issuer, which are rated not below AA- and the scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in unrated debt instruments issued by a single issuer and the total of such instruments shall not exceed 25% of the NAV of the scheme.

- (c) Debentures, irrespective of any residual maturity period (above or below one year), shall attract the investment restrictions as applicable for debt instruments. It is further clarified that the investment limits are applicable to all debt securities, which are issued by public bodies/ institutions such as electricity boards, municipal corporations, state transport corporations etc. guaranteed by either state or central government. Government securities issued by Central/State government or on its behalf by the RBI are exempt from the above investment limits.
- (d) Pending deployment of funds of the Scheme in securities in terms of the investment objective of the scheme as stated above, the funds of the Scheme may be invested in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in accordance with SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 1/91171 /07 dated April 16, 2007 and such deposits shall abide by the following guidelines:
  - "Short Term" for parking of funds shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days.
  - Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
  - The scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustee.

- Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
- The scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
- The scheme shall not park funds in short term deposit of a bank, which has invested in the Scheme.
- Asset Management Company (AMC) shall not be permitted to charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in case of liquid and debt oriented schemes.

The AMC/Trustee may alter these above stated restrictions from time to time to the extent the SEBI Regulations change, so as to permit the Scheme to make their investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for mutual funds to achieve its respective investment objective. All investments of the Scheme will be made in accordance with the SEBI Regulations and any other regulations that may be applicable from time to time.

- (e) No term loans will be advanced by this scheme for any purpose as per SEBI regulation 44(3) of SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations 1996.
- (f) UTI Mutual Fund shall, get the securities purchased by a scheme transferred in the name of the scheme, whenever investments are intended to be of long term nature.
- (g) The scheme shall not make any investment in any fund of fund scheme.
- (h) UTI Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relative securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities and shall in no case put itself in a position whereby it has to make short sale or carry forward transaction unless allowed by SEBI.
  - However, the scheme may also enter into derivatives transactions as may be permissible under the guidelines issued by SEBI.
- (i) The Mutual Fund under all its schemes taken together will not own more than 10% of any Company's paid up capital carrying voting rights.
- (j) As on 24.08.2017, the total holdings of the scheme are held in the name of the scheme except securities pertaining to debt holding of Shamkeen Spinners which are held in physical form in the name of erstwhile Unit Trust of India.
- (k) (i) The scheme will participate in the securities lending program, in accordance with the terms of securities lending scheme announced by SEBI. The activity shall be carried out through approved intermediary.
  - (ii) The maximum exposure of the scheme to a single intermediary in the securities lending program at any point of time would be 10% of the market value of the security class of the scheme or such limit as may be specified by SEBI.
  - (iii) If mutual funds are permitted to borrow securities the scheme may in appropriate circumstances borrow securities in accordance with SEBI guidelines in that regard.
- (1) The scheme shall not make any investment in any unlisted security of an associate or group company of sponsors; or any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of sponsors; or the listed securities of group companies of sponsors which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.

- (m) Investment in non-publicly offered debt: Depending upon the available yield the scheme may invest in non-publicly offered debt securities to the extent to which such investment can be made by the scheme.
- (n) Based upon the liquidity needs, the scheme may invest in Government of India Securities without any restriction on the extent to which such investment can be made by the scheme.
- (o) Investment in the equity shares or equity related instruments of any company shall not exceed more than 10% of the NAV of the scheme at the time of investment.
- (p) The scheme shall not invest more than 5% of its NAV in the unlisted equity shares or equity related instruments.
- (q) The aggregate value of "illiquid securities" of scheme, which are defined by SEBI as non traded, thinly traded and unlisted equity shares, shall not exceed 15% of the total assets of the scheme and any illiquid securities held above 15% of the total assets shall be assigned zero value.

The proposed aggregate holding of assets considered "illiquid", including debt securities (for which there is no active established market), could be more than 10% of the value of the net assets of the scheme. In the normal course of business, the scheme would be able to make payment of redemption proceeds within 10 business days, as it would have sufficient exposure to liquid assets. In case of the need for exiting from such illiquid debt instruments in a short period time, the NAV of the scheme could be impacted adversely.

(r) Investment by this scheme in other Mutual Fund schemes will be in accordance with Regulation 44(1), Seventh Schedule of the SEBI (MFs) Regulations as under:

A scheme may invest in another scheme under the same Asset Management Company or any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided that aggregate inter scheme investment made by all schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the mutual fund.

Transfers of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same mutual fund shall be done (a) at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis.

(b) the securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.

Such investment will be consistent with the investment objective of the scheme. No investment management fees will be charged by the AMC on such investments.

## (s) Applicable Investment limits for investments in the units of REITs & InvITs

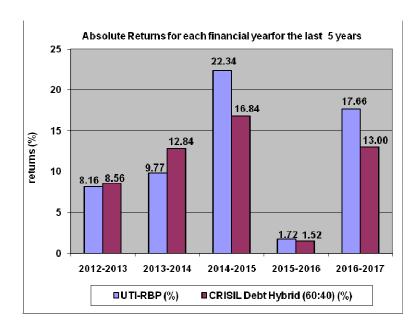
a. At the Mutual Fund level:-

Not more than 10% of units issued by a single issuer of REIT and InvIT;

- b. At the scheme level:
  - i. Not more than 10% of its NAV in the units of REIT and InvIT;
  - ii. Not more than 5% of its NAV in the units of REIT and InvIT issued by a single issuer

#### J. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

Performance	Compounded	Scheme	CRISIL Debt Hybrid
of the scheme	Annualised Returns*	Returns (%)	(60:40) (%)
as on July 31,	Last 1 year	13.93	11.78
2017	Last 3 years	11.80	9.45
	Last 5 years	12.62	11.30
	Since Inception	11.25	NA



\* Computed on compounded annualised basis using NAV of Growth Option.

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future

# K. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

1. Scheme's portfolio holdings (top 10 holdings by issuer and fund allocation towards various sectors) (as on July 31, 2017)

UTI-Retirer	UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund - Top 10 holdings Equity (Issuer wise)			
Serial No	Sector	% of NAV		
1	ICICI Bank Ltd	2.07		
2	HDFC Bank Ltd.	2.02		
3	ITC Ltd.	1.76		
4	Infosys Ltd.	1.64		
5	Grasim Industries Ltd.	1.60		
6	Maruti Suzuki India Ltd.	1.36		
7	Vedanta Ltd	1.36		
8	Indus Ind Bank Ltd.	1.27		
9	Mahindra & Mahindra Ltd.	1.16		
10	Larsen & Toubro Ltd.	1.08		
	Total	15.32		

UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund - Top 10 holdings in Debt (Issuer wise)			
Serial No	Sector	% of NAV	
1	Government of India	9.20	
2	Il&Fs Transportation Networks Ltd.	7.81	
3	Religare Finvest Ltd.	5.96	
4	Axis Bank Ltd.	4.17	
5	Power Finance Corporation Ltd.	3.21	
6	Srei Equipment Finance Ltd.	2.90	
7	Indiabulls Housing Finance Ltd.	2.18	
8	Piramal Enterprises Ltd.	2.08	
9	Indian Hotels Company Ltd.	2.08	
10	PNB Housing Finance Ltd.	2.08	
	Total	41.67	

UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund- Top 10 holdings - Equity Sector Allocation			
Serial No	Sector	% of NAV	
1	Financial Services	9.75	
2	IT	5.54	
3	Energy	4.43	
4	Automobile	3.96	
5	Pharma	3.35	
6	Consumer Goods	3.27	
7	Construction	2.11	
8	Metals	1.71	
9	Cement & Cement Products	1.60	
10	Services	0.94	
	Total	36.66	

UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund - Top 10 holdings - Debt Sector Allocation		
Serial No	Sector	% of NAV
1	Financial Services	28.04
2	Sovereign	9.20
3	Construction	9.07
4	NCA/Reverse Repo/CBLO/Others	6.72
5	Pharma	2.08
6	Services	2.08
7	Telecom	1.11
8	Consumer Goods	1.04
9	Textiles	0.67
10	Mutual Fund Units	0.28
	Total	60.29

# 2. A website link to obtain scheme's latest monthly portfolio holding

 $\underline{http://www.utimf.com/forms-downloads/Pages/default.aspx}$ 

(After following the above link, please expand "Portfolio Disclosure-Scheme wise" and select the desired scheme to view its portfolio)

- 3. Portfolio Turnover Ratio as on 31.07.2017: 1.30
- 4. The aggregate investment held in the scheme by the following categories of persons as on July 31, 2017:

Particulars	Aggregate Investments (Rs. in lakhs)	
AMC's Board of Directors	Nil	
Fund Manager(s) of the UTI-RBP	0.60	
Other key managerial personnel	Nil	

### III. UNITS AND OFFER

This section provides details you need to know for investing in the scheme.

# A. ONGOING OFFER DETAILS

Plans offered

- 1. Existing Plan
  - 2. Direct Plan\*\*

#### \*\*Direct Plan:

Direct Plan is only for investors who purchase/subscribe units directly with the Fund and is not available for investors who route their investments through a Distributor.

All categories of Investors (whether existing or new Unitholders) as permitted under this SID are eligible to subscribe under Direct Plan. Investments under the Direct Plan can be made through various modes (except all Platform(s) where investor's applications for subscription of units are routed through Distributors).

The Direct Plan will be a separate plan under the Fund/Scheme and shall have a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission etc and will have a separate NAV. No commission shall be paid/charged from Direct Plan.

Portfolio of the Scheme under the Existing Plan and Direct Plan will be common.

**How to apply:** Investors subscribing under Direct Plan of UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund will have to indicate "Direct Plan" against the Scheme name in the application form, as for example, "UTI-Retirement Benefit Pension Fund - Direct Plan".

Treatment of applications under "Direct" / "Existing" Plans:

Scenario	Broker Code	Plan mentioned	Default Plan to
	mentioned by the	by the investor	be captured
	investor		
1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Plan
2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
3	Not mentioned	Existing	Direct Plan
4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Plan
5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Plan
6	Direct	Existing	Direct Plan
7	Mentioned	Existing	Existing Plan
8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Existing Plan

In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application shall be processed under Existing Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load.

For further details on Direct Plan, please refer to SAI.

	Scheme characteristics of Direct Plan: Scheme characteristics such as Investment Objective, Asset Allocation Pattern, Investment Strategy, risk factors, facilities offered and terms and conditions including load structure will be the same for the Existing Plan and the Direct Plan except that:  (a) Switch of investments from Existing Plan through a distributor with ARN Code to Direct Plan shall be subject to applicable exit load, if any. The holding period for applicability of load will be considered from the date of such switch to Direct Plan.
	(b) However, no exit load shall be levied for switch of investments from Existing Plan made directly without an ARN Code to Direct Plan of the scheme (subject to statutory taxes and levies, if any). The holding period for applicability of load will be considered from the date of initial investment in the Existing Plan.
	(c) No exit load shall be levied in case of switches from Direct Plan to Existing Plan.
	(d) Investments through systematic routes: In case of Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)/ Systematic Transfer Investment Plan (STRIP), registered prior to January 1, 2013 without any distributor code under the Existing Plan of the Scheme, installments falling on or after the January 1, 2013 will automatically be processed under the Direct Plan.
Dividend Policy	<ul> <li>1. Dividend Distribution</li> <li>(a) Subject to availability of distributable surplus, the scheme may make the dividend distribution at such intervals as may be decided by the Trustee from time to time.</li> <li>(b) Generally, for unitholders below the age of 58 years, dividend distribution, if any, will automatically get reinvested in the scheme at the ex-dividend NAV and appropriate number of units will be credited to the accounts of the unitholders.</li> <li>(c) Dividend distribution by UTI AMC is independent of the pledge/lien to which the units may be subjected to and UTI AMC will not take note of the same.</li> <li>(d) Such of the unitholders whose names appear in the register of unitholders as at the record date fixed for each dividend distribution shall be entitled to receive the dividend so distributed.</li> <li>2. Reserves Board of Trustees may, in its absolute discretion, having regard to the best interest of the unitholders, decide to credit any dividend/earning accruals in respect of the scheme to either revenue reserve or capital reserve and deal with the same accordingly.</li> </ul>
Risk Mitigation process against Third Party Cheques	Restriction on Third Party Payments  Third party payments are not accepted in any of the schemes of UTI Mutual Fund subject to certain exceptions.  "Third Party Payments" means the payment made through instruments
	issued from an account other than that of the beneficiary investor mentioned in the application form. However, in case of payments from a joint bank account, the first named applicant/investor has to be one of the joint holders of the bank account from which payment is made.
	Bank Mandate registration as part of the new folio creation: In order to reduce the risk of frauds and operational risks and thereby protect

the interests of the Unit holders/Investors from fraudulent encashment of redemption/dividend proceeds, Investors are required to submit any of the prescribed documents (along with original document for verification) in support of the bank mandate mentioned in the application form for subscription under a **new folio**, in case these details are not the same as the bank account from which the investment is made.

In case, the application for subscription does not comply with the above requirements, UTI AMC, at its sole and absolute discretion, may reject/not process such application and may refund the subscription amount to the bank account from where the investment was made and shall not be liable for any such rejection/refund.

For further details on documents to be submitted under the process to identify third party payments etc, please refer to SAI/relevant Addenda.

#### Who can invest

This is an indicative list and you are requested to consult your financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to your risk profile.

## **Applicants**

- (a) An application for units may be made by any resident or non-resident Indian adult individual either singly or jointly with other individual/s on joint /anyone or survivor basis (not exceeding 3 applicants in all).
- (b) A Body Corporate or an eligible trust or a society can also invest in the scheme for the benefit of individuals. However, membership will be granted in the name of such beneficiary individuals and not in the name of body corporate or eligible trust. Subject to the Regulations, the Sponsors, the Mutual Funds managed by them, their associates and the AMC may acquire units of the scheme. The AMC shall not be entitled to charge any fees on its investments in the scheme.

#### **Investment by Individuals – Foreign Nationals**

For the purposes of carrying out the transactions by Foreign Nationals in the units of the Schemes of UTI Mutual Fund,

- 1. Foreign Nationals shall be resident in India as per the provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999.
- 2. Foreign Nationals are required to comply (including taking necessary approvals) with all the laws, rules, regulations, guidelines and circulars, as may be issued/applicable from time to time, including but not limited to and pertaining to anti money laundering, know your customer (KYC), income tax, foreign exchange management (the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder) including in all the applicable jurisdictions.

UTI AMC reserves the right to amend/terminate this facility at any time, keeping in view business/operational exigencies.

**Note:** "Neither this Scheme Information Document nor the units have been registered in any jurisdiction including the United States of America. The distribution of this Scheme Information Document in certain jurisdictions may be restricted or subject to registration requirements and, accordingly, persons who come into possession of this Scheme Information Document are required to inform themselves about, and to observe any such restrictions. No persons receiving a copy of this Scheme Information Document or any accompanying application form in such jurisdiction may treat this Scheme Information Document or such application form as constituting an invitation to them to subscribe for units, nor should they in any event use any such application form, unless in the relevant jurisdiction such an invitation could

lawfully be made to them and such application form could lawfully be used without compliance with any registration or other legal requirements. Accordingly this Scheme Information Document does not constitute an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not lawful or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

It is the responsibility of any persons in possession of this Scheme Information Document and any persons wishing to apply for units pursuant to this Scheme Information Document to inform themselves of and to observe, all applicable laws and Regulations of such relevant jurisdiction".

# Subscriptions from Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs) in the Schemes of UTI MF will not be accepted

# **Investments by Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs)**

Pursuant to the Foreign Exchange Management [Withdrawal of General Permission to Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs)] Regulations, 2003, and the consequential amendments made in the Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or issue of Security by a Person Resident outside India) Regulations, 2000, OCBs, **cannot** invest, inter alia, in Mutual Fund Schemes.

# 'Overseas Corporate Body' (OCB)

As per Regulation 2(xi) of the Foreign Exchange Management (Deposit) Regulations, 2000, 'Overseas Corporate Body' means a company, partnership firm, society and other corporate body owned directly or indirectly to the extent of at least sixty per cent by Non-Resident Indians (hereinafter referred to as 'NRIs') and includes overseas trust in which not less than sixty percent beneficial interest is held by Non-resident Indians (hereinafter referred to as 'Overseas Trust') directly or indirectly but irrevocably.

**Holding Basis:** In the event an account has more than one registered holder the first-named Unit holder shall receive the account statements, all notices and correspondence with respect to the account, as well as the proceeds of any Redemption requests or dividends or other distributions. In addition, such holder shall have the voting rights, as permitted, associated with such Units as per the applicable guidelines.

Applicants can specify the 'mode of holding' in the prescribed application form as 'Jointly' or 'Anyone or Survivor'. In the case of holding specified as 'Jointly', Redemption requests would have to be signed by all joint holders. However, in cases of holding specified as 'Anyone or Survivor', any one of the Unit holders will have the power / authority to make Redemption requests, without it being necessary for all the Unit holders to sign. However, in all cases, the proceeds of the Redemption will be paid to the first-named Unit holder.

In case of death / insolvency of any one or more of the persons named in the Register of Unit holders as the joint holders of any Units, the AMC shall not be bound to recognise any person(s) other than the remaining holders. In all such cases, the proceeds of the Redemption will be paid to the first-named of such remaining Unit holders.

Commercial Transactions (viz. Purchase / Redemption

The facility of carrying out commercial transactions through Designated E-mail / Fax, in units of UTI Mutual Fund Schemes, is available for the

# / Switches) through Designated E-mail / Fax

following categories of Investors, subject to certain terms and conditions:

A body corporate or an eligible Trust or a society can invest in the Scheme for the benefit of individuals. However, membership will be granted in the name of such beneficiary individuals only as specified above.

UTI AMC declares its Designated E-mail / Fax server as one of the Officials Points of Acceptance.

Only Commercial transactions i.e. Purchase, Redemption and Switches shall be accepted through designated fax and email.

For further details on terms and conditions and other particulars, please refer to SAI/Addendum No27/2015-16 dated 12<sup>th</sup> August 2015.

Details under Foreign Account Tax Compliance provisions (commonly known as FATCA) / Foreign Tax Laws and Common Reporting Standard (CRS) FATCA is United States (US) Federal Law, aimed at prevention of tax evasion by US citizens and residents ("US persons" as defined in the applicable extant laws of the United States of America) through use of offshore accounts. FATCA provisions are part of Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment (HIRE) Act, enacted by US Legislature. Under FATCA, withholding tax may be levied on certain US source income/receipt of the Schemes of the Mutual Fund, unless they are FATCA compliant.

FATCA obligates foreign financial institutions (FFIs), including Indian financial institutions to provide the US Internal Revenue Service (IRS) with information and to report on the accounts held by specified US Persons as well as passive NFFEs in which controlling interest is held by specified US person. The term FFI is defined widely to cover a large number of non-US based financial service providers, such as mutual funds, depository participants, brokers, custodians, as well as banks. FATCA requires enhanced due diligence processes by the FFI so as to identify US reportable accounts.

The identification of US person will be based on one or more of following "US indicia"-

- Identification of the Account Holder as a US citizen or resident;
- Unambiguous indication of a US place of birth;
- Current US mailing or residence address (including a US post office box);
- Current US telephone number;
- Standing instructions to transfer funds to an account maintained in USA;
- Current effective power of attorney or signing authority granted to a person with a US address; or
- An "in-care of" or "hold mail" address that is the sole address that the Indian Financial Institution has on the file for the Account Holder.

FATCA due diligence will be applicable to each unit holder (including joint holders) irrespective of the country of residence/citizenship, and on being identified as reportable person/specified US person, all folios/accounts will be reported. Such information may include (not limited to) their identity, direct or indirect beneficiaries, beneficial owners and controlling persons. Unit holders will therefore be required to comply with the request of the AMC / Fund to furnish such information as and when deemed necessary by the AMC / Fund in accordance with the Applicable Laws.

FATCA provisions are relevant not only at on-boarding stage of unit holders but also throughout the life cycle of investment with the Mutual Fund. Unit

holders therefore should immediately intimate to the Fund/the AMC, any change in their status with respect to FATCA related declaration provided by them previously.

In case unit holder / investor fails to furnish the relevant information and/or documentation in accordance with the Applicable Laws, the AMC / Fund reserves the right to reject the application or redeem the units held directly or beneficially and may also require reporting of such accounts/levy of withholding tax on payments made to investors. Prospective investors / Unit holders should consult their own advisors to understand the implications of FATCA provisions/requirements. The AMC reserves the right to change/modify the provisions mentioned at a later date.

# Common Reporting Standard (CRS) – The New Global Standard for Automatic Exchange of Information

On similar lines as FATCA, the Organisation of Economic Development (OECD), along with the G20 countries, of which India is a member, has released a "Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information in Tax Matters", in order to combat the problem of offshore tax evasion and avoidance and stashing of unaccounted money abroad, requiring cooperation amongst tax authorities. The G20 and OECD countries have together developed a Common Reporting Standard (CRS) on Automatic Exchange of Information (AEOI).

All Applicants whose country of tax residence is not India shall fill in the prescribed FATCA & CRS Form.

AMC reserves right to reject the application in case the applicant / investor fails to submit information /documentation for any of the above.

Please refer to Instructions given in the FATCA/CRS Form before filling in the particulars and for further details relating to FATCA/CRS, refer to AMFI India's Circular No.135/BP/63/2015-16 dated 18<sup>th</sup> September 2015 and SEBI Circular Nos. CIR/MIRSD/2/2015 dated 26<sup>th</sup> August 2015 & CIR/MIRSD/3/2015 dated 10<sup>th</sup> September 2015.

Uniform Procedure for Updation / Change of Address & Change / Updation of Bank details

# A. Updation / Change of address

Investors are requested to update their change of address within 30 days from the date of change.

In case of Know Your Client (KYC) complied folios, Investors are required to submit the documents to the intermediaries of KYC Registration Agency (KRA) {e.g. CDSL Ventures Limited website: <a href="www.cvlkra.com">www.cvlkra.com</a>} as may be specified by them, from time to time.

For further details on list of documents to be submitted/acceptable etc, please refer to SAI.

#### B. Updation/Change of Bank details

Investors are requested to update/change their bank details using the Form for registration of multiple bank accounts separately and in future, it shall not be accompanied with redemption request. Such request shall be submitted prior to submission of the redemption request. Investors are required to submit self attested copy of the supporting documents, having validity at the time of submission, each towards Proof of Identity and proof of old and new bank accounts for updating /changing the bank details.

For further details on documents to be submitted/acceptable in respect of old investments where bank details are not updated, procedural requirements to be completed in respect of investments made in the name of minor child on attaining majority, receiving of dividend/redemption payment in bank account etc, please refer to SAI.

## Non-submission of required documents

In case of non-submission of required documents as required under A and B aforesaid, UTI Mutual Fund, at its sole and absolute discretion, may reject the transaction or may decide alternate method of processing such requests.

# C. Cooling Period

In case the change of address and/or Updation /change of bank details are submitted together with the redemption request or standalone request within the period of 3 (Three) months prior to submission of redemption request, the redemption payment will be made after a cooling period of upto 8 business days and in any case within SEBI stipulated 10 business days from the date of such redemption request.

However, in case of redemption requests received with a Change of Address and /or Change of Bank detail, which is not already registered with UTI MF, or change of address/bank details received lesser than 10 business days prior to dividend record date, such new/unregistered address/bank details may not be registered and will not be considered for payment of redemption / dividend proceeds. In such cases, the payment will be made to the last registered bank account, if any or sent to the last registered address

For further details regarding redemption requests in respect of folios not having registered bank details etc, please refer to SAI.

Ongoing price for subscription (purchase) / switch-in (from other schemes/plans of the mutual fund) by investors.

The face value of a unit is  $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{?}}}10$ /- and units will be issued in fractions up to three decimal places.

Purchase on all business days at the applicable NAV. No entry load will be

charged for purchase / additional purchase / switch-in accepted by the Fund. Similarly, no entry load will be charged with respect to applications for

registrations under Systematic Investment Plans/Systematic Transfer

This is the price you need to pay for purchase/switch-in.

NEFT/RTGS

pay for purchase/switch-in.

Mode of Payment – Cash / Cash / Transfer of funds through

Investment Plans accepted by the Fund.

Cash payment to the extent of ₹50,000/- per investor, per Mutual Fund, per financial year through designated branches of Axis Bank will be accepted (even from such small investors who may not be tax payers and may not have Permanent Account Number (PAN)/bank accounts, subject to the following procedure.

- i. Investors who desire to invest upto ₹50,000/- per financial year shall contact any of our UFCs and obtain a Form for Deposit of Cash and fill-up the same.
- ii. Investors shall then approach the designated branch of Axis Bank along with the duly filled-in Form for Deposit of Cash and deposit the cash.
- iii. Axis Bank will provide an Acknowledgement slip containing the details of Date & Time of deposit, Unique serial number, Scheme Name, Name of the Investor and Cash amount deposited. The Investors shall attach the Acknowledgement slip with the duly filled-in application form and submit them at the UFCs for time stamping.

iv. Applicability of NAV will be based on depositing of cash at the designated bank branch before the cut-off time and time-stamping of the valid application together with the acknowledgement slip at the UTI Financial centre (UFC)/Official Point of Acceptance (OPA). For further details refer to SAI/relevant addendum.

Transfer of funds through National Electronic Funds Transfer (NEFT) / Real Time Gross Settlement (RTGS): Investor shall ensure that the payment is made from one of his/her registered bank accounts in the folio. If the name of the remitter/account number from where the amount is remitted is not matching with the registered / to be registered bank accounts details, such remittances shall be treated as third party payments and such applications are liable to be rejected. In such cases, UTI MF will refund the amount to the remitter within 30 calendar days from the date of receipt of the funds, as per the details made available to UTI MF by the remitting Bank.

However, for transfer of funds through RTGS, the Investment amount shall be of ₹2 lacs and above.

#### For further details, please refer to SAI.

Ongoing price for redemption (sale) / switch outs (to other schemes/plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors.

This is the price you will receive for redemptions/ switch outs.

Example: If the applicable NAV is ₹10, exit load is 2% then redemption price will be: ₹10\* (1-0.02) = ₹9.80

Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches

This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.

Redemption on all business days at the applicable NAV subject to prevailing exit load.

#### Applicable NAV

#### **Purchase: For Purchases less than ₹ 2 lacs**

1 di chase. Foi i di chases less than \ 2 laes				
Operation		Cut-off Timin	ng	Applicable NAV
Valid applications recei	ved with	Upto 3 p.m.		Closing NAV of
local cheques / demar	d drafts			the day of receipt
payable at par at the pla	ce where			of the application.
the application is received	d.			
Valid applications received with		After 3 p.m.		Closing NAV of
local cheques / demar	d drafts			the next business
payable at par at the place where				day.
the application is received.				
Valid applications received with		Within busine	SS	Closing NAV of
outstation cheques / demand		hours.		the day on which
drafts not payable at par at the				cheque / demand
place where the application is				draft is credited to
received.				the scheme/Plan.
Purchase: For Purchases of ₹2 lacs and above				
Operation Cut-off Timing			Applicable NAV	

	I		
	The funds are available	1 1	
	for utilization before	re	day on which the funds
	cut off and vali	id	are available for
	applications receive	ed	utilization before cut
	with cheques /deman	nd	off time shall be
	drafts		applicable irrespective
	diants		of the time of receipt of
	701 1 4° 1	1 '11 1 1' 1 1	the application.
			e irrespective of the date of debit
			dered after considering multiple
			der all the schemes/plans on the
	_		tment i.e. additional purchase,
	Systematic Investme	nt Plan (SIP)/Mici	o SIP, Systematic Transfer
	Investment Plan (ST)	RIP), Switch, etc. T	The investor will be identified
	through PAN registere	d with UTI Mutual Fu	ınd.
	Redemption:		
	Operation	Cut-off Timing	Applicable NAV
	Valid applications	Upto 3 p.m.	Closing NAV of the day of
	received	орю 3 р.ш.	receipt of the application
	Valid applications received	After 3 p.m.	Closing NAV of the next
		• Whoma sundan a calca	business day.
			me, units are held under both the
	Existing and Direct Plans, the redemption/switch request shall clearly		
	mention the plan. If no Plan is mentioned, it would be processed on a first in		
	first out (FIFO) basis considering both the Plans.		
	Tax consequences: S	Switch / redemption	may entail tax consequences.
	Investors should consult their professional tax advisor before initiating such requests and take an independent decision accordingly.		
Book Closure Period /	The purchase and redemption of units shall remain open on all business days		
Record date	throughout the year except during book closure period/s not exceeding 15		
Record date			
	days in a year. Besides, record date/s may be announced if dividend is		
Where our the applications	distributed.		
Where can the applications	The details of official points of acceptance are given on the back cover page.		
for purchase/redemption	It is mandatory for investors to mention their bank account particulars in		
switches be submitted?	their applications/requ	ests for redemption.	
	In addition to the circ	cumstances mentioned	I in the SAI, the Trustees/AMC
	shall have the absol	ute discretion to ac	cept/reject any application for
	purchase of units, if in the opinion of the Trustees/AMC, increasing the size		
			eneral interest of the unit holders,
	or the Trustee/AMC for any reason believes it would be in the best interest of the schemes or the unitholder to accept/reject such an application.		
How to Apply	Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.		
Minimum amount for	(a) Minimum amoun		me mon wonon.
purchase / switches	(w) mannam univu	TI TOT POTOTION.	
Parendo, switches	(i) Minimum amoun	t of each investment i	s ₹500/- (nurchase value) There
	(i) Minimum amount of each investment is ₹500/- (purchase value). There is no upper limit.		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	(ii) The requirement	of minimum amount	of ₹500/- can be relaxed if UTI
	_		ment with any Organisation (see
	sub clause b below) in terms of which investment amount is deposited		
			of/for the benefit of their
	employees/employees of their associates/any group of people on a		
	monthly basis, provided however the aggregate amount of such		
	investment by th	e Organisation is atte	east ₹5000/- per month or such

amount as may be decided from time to time.

(iii) Each unitholder shall have only one folio in the scheme. Multiple folios may not be permitted.

#### (b) Direct payment through employers

UTI AMC may enter into arrangements with any organisation to accept investment under the scheme on behalf of/for the benefit of their employees/employees of their associates/any group of people on such terms as may be announced from time to time.

#### (c) Switchover

UTI AMC may also permit the unitholders to switchover their investment partially or fully to any other scheme/s of UTI MF or vice versa as may be allowed by from time to time on such terms as may be announced. In case of partial switchover from one scheme to the other scheme/s, the condition of holding minimum investment prescribed under both the schemes has to be satisfied.

#### (d) Minimum Investment amount under the Direct Plan:

In case of already existing investments under the Existing Plan, if the investor wants to further invest in the Direct Plan he/she will be required to invest the minimum investment amount under the scheme, as specified above. However, this minimum investment amount requirement is not applicable in case of switchover from Existing Plan to Direct Plan or vice versa.

Know Your Customer (KYC) Norms

Investors desiring to invest / transact in mutual fund schemes are required to comply with the KYC norms applicable from time to time.

#### A. For Individual Investors

### I Central KYC Norms for Individual Investors new to KYC system with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> February 2017

Government of India, vide Gazette notification dated November 26, 2015, had authorized the Central Registry of Securitization and Asset Reconstruction and Security Interest of India (CERSAI), to act and perform the functions of Central KYC Records Registry (CKYCR) including receiving, storing, safeguarding and retrieving the Know Your Client (KYC) records of an investor in digital form.

In terms of the above, the following Norms are applicable with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> February 2017 in case of an Individual investor who is new to the KYC Registration system:-

- An Individual Investor who is new to KYC Registration system and whose KYC is not registered or verified with any of the Agencies for KYC Registration (KRA), shall use the CKYC form to register their KYC.
- 2. In case an Individual Investor uses old KRA KYC form, such investor should either fill the new CKYC form or provide additional / missing information in the Supplementary CKYC form.
- 3. An Individual Investor who has already completed CKYC and has a KYC Identification Number (KIN) from CKYCR, can invest in the Schemes of UTI Mutual Fund by quoting their KIN.

- 4. In case PAN of an investor is not updated in CKYCR system, the investor shall be required to submit a self certified copy of PAN card at the time of investment
- 5. The KYC requirements shall be governed by SEBI Circulars / notifications and AMFI Guidelines issued from time to time.

For further details refer to SAI/ Addendum No 26/2016-17 dated 6<sup>th</sup> February 2017 and SEBI Circulars No. CIR/MIRSD/66/2016 dated July 21, 2016 and CIR/MIRSD/120/2016 dated November 10, 2016.

II Existing investors who are KYC compliant before 1<sup>st</sup> January 2012 will have to complete the new KYC requirements and get the IPV done if they wish to deal with any other SEBI registered intermediary other than a Mutual Fund.

#### III Aadhar based e KYC process

Investors can also avail the Aadhaar based e-KYC service offered by UIDAI for KYC verification.

For this purpose, Investors/clients, on voluntary basis, can authorize the Intermediaries registered as KYC User Agency (KUA) with UIDAI to access the client identification and authentication details from UIDAI.

For entering into account based relationship, the Investor/client may provide the following information to the intermediary electronically including through any web enabled device.

- (i) Name
- (ii) Aadhaar number
- (iii) Permanent Account Number (PAN)

The Intermediary shall perform verification of the client with UIDAI through biometric authentication (fingerprint or iris scanning). Mutual Funds can also perform verification of the client with UIDAI through One Time password (OTP) received on client's mobile number or on email address registered with UIDAI provided, the amount invested by the client does not exceed Rs. 50,000 per financial year per Mutual Fund and payment for the same is made through electronic transfer from the client's bank account registered with that Mutual Fund.

After due validation of Aadhaar number provided by the client, the intermediary (acting as KUA) shall receive the KYC information about the client from UIDAI through KSA.

For further details on e KYC process, refer to SAI/SEBI circular dated 22<sup>nd</sup> January 2016

#### IV PAN-Exemption for micro financial products

Only individual Investors (including NRIs, Minors & Sole proprietary firms) who do not have a PAN, and who wish to invest upto Rs.50000/-in a financial year under any Scheme including investments, if any, under SIPs shall be exempted from the requirement of PAN on submission of duly filled in purchase application forms with payment

along with KYC application form with other prescribed documents towards proof of identity as specified by SEBI. For all other categories of investors, this exemption is not applicable

#### **B.** For Non-Individual Investors

Investors have to fill up and sign the KYC application form available on the UTI Mutual Fund's website, www.utimf.com or the website of the KYC Registration Agencies (KRAs) M/s CVL, www.cvlkra.com; M/s NDML, www.ndml.in; M/sDotEx, www.nseindia.com/supra\_global/conte\_nt/dotex/about\_dotex.htm; M/s CAMS Investor Services Private Limited and M/s Karvy Data Management Services Ltd. Further details on filling up / submission of KYC Application form are available in SEBI Circular no. MIRSD/SE/Cir-21/2011 dated October 5, 2011.

#### C. For both Individual and Non-Individual Investors

- 1. Existing investors in mutual funds who have already complied with the KYC requirement are exempt from following the new KYC procedure effective January 01, 2012 but only for the purpose of making additional investment in the Scheme(s) / Plan(s) of any Mutual Fund registered with SEBI
- 2. For 'KYC-On-Hold' cases, investor need to submit missing information or update pending KYC related information so as to enable AMC to process purchase transaction (whether fresh or additional) and switches
- 3. In terms of AMFI guidelines, with effect from January 1, 2016,
  - (a) to make additional subscription (including switches), it shall be mandatory for all existing investors to provide additional KYC information such as Income details, Occupation, association with politically exposed person, net worth etc. where such information was not provided to KRAs earlier.
  - (b) However, SIP and STP already registered till December 31, 2015 in such existing folios are exempted from the above stipulations.

#### 4. Non-Applicablility of KYC guidelines

The new KYC guidelines shall **not** be applicable to the following categories / transactions:

- The investors falling under the category of Micro Pension (as per the arrangement between UTI AMC with the respective organization/s), who are exempt from the requirement of PAN.
- Investments received from Government bodies/authorities/Departments in favour of beneficiaries identified by them.
- dividend reinvestment
- Existing Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) / Systematic Transfer Investment Plan (STRIP) / Dividend Transfer Plan (DTP) registrations (and similar facilities) including those received till 31st December 2015.

For further details on KYC requirements to be complied with by the Investors, please refer to SAI.

Minimum balance to be maintained and consequences of non maintenance.	Partial redemption (at the applicable "redemption price") under a folio shall be permitted subject to the unit holder maintaining a minimum investment balance of Rs.500/ If the outstanding balance out of such partial redemption falls below Rs. 500/-, the outstanding units shall be compulsorily redeemed and entire amount shall be credited to unit holders' bank account. This minimum balance value shall be reckoned at the applicable NAV as on the date of acceptance of the redemption application.
Special Products	Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)/Micro SIP - Available. Systematic Transfer Investment Plan (STRIP) – Available as Destination Scheme
	Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for SIP/Micro SIP and details
	In addition to the existing options / facilities available under Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), the following new facilities / options are available:-
	1. 'Step up' facility: Under this facility, an Investor can opt for stepping up his SIP amount at specified intervals (Half yearly / Yearly). Upon exercising this option, the SIP debit amount will increase by the amount specified by the Investor at the Intervals opted.
	Facility to switch from one eligible Scheme to another eligible Scheme under SIP facility:     Under this facility, an Investor can opt to change the eligible scheme during the tenure of the SIP, without having to terminate the existing SIP.
	3. Any Day SIP:  Currently, an Investor can start SIP only on specified date/s of the month i.e., 1st, 7th, 15th & 25th. Investors can now choose any date of his/her preference as SIP Debit Date. If in any month, the SIP Debit Date opted by the Investor is not available (Say, 29th & 30th in February and 31st in case of alternate months), then the SIP Debit Date for those months shall be the last available Business Day in that month.
	For further details on the facilities aforesaid, please refer to SAI/Addendum No. 38/15-16 dated 16 <sup>th</sup> September 2015.
Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP)	UTI – RBP is a pension scheme under which unitholders will accumulate their investment upto a period as specified below and thereafter, can opt to receive the accumulated investment in the form similar to annuity by repurchasing the units over a period of time to be indicated by them. The broad features of the SWP are as under:
	1. Eligibility Unitholders may get the regular periodical payments after they complete 58 years of age or after completion of 5 years of each investment, whichever is later, provided minimum balance of Rs.10,000/- (total investment value at NAV) under the scheme under the folio is available at the time of commencing such payment.
	2. Periodicity  Nearer the time of unitholders reaching the eligibility age, UTI AMC will ascertain from the unitholders the intervals at which they would like to receive the redemption proceeds. It could be monthly, quarterly, half-

yearly or yearly.

#### 3. Minimum amount of redemption

Under any interval chosen by the unitholder, the minimum amount of each redemption has to be ₹1,000/- and multiples of ₹100/- thereafter. The redemption will continue till the outstanding amount in the folio is reduced to nil or such other amount as may be decided by the AMC from time to time. If the amount in the folio is less than the opted amount the available amount will be paid to the unitholder. Further, if say the opted amount under SWP is ₹1000/- and during the course of SWP an amount of ₹1500/- only is left in the account, the entire outstanding amount of ₹1500/- may be paid out at one go, at the option of the AMC.

#### 4. Redemption of units

Redemption of units under the SWP will be made on the 1st business day in Mumbai of due month at NAV prevailing as on that date. If 1st of any due month happens to be a non-business day in Mumbai, the date of redemption will be the following business day in Mumbai. Redemption of units will be made on first in first out basis for the purpose of computing the capital gains, if any.

#### 5. Mode of payment

Redemption of units under any option will commence from 1st April or 1st October falling immediately after the attainment of the eligible age of 58 years or lapse of eligible period of 5 years as the case may be depending upon the age of entry. The payment of SWP will be made to the investor within 10 business days from the 1st business day of the month (in case of quarterly/half-yearly/yearly periodicity this will be 1st business day of the quarter, half year and year) as per the mode of payment as may be decided by UTI AMC Ltd. from time to time.

#### 6. Withdrawal from SWP

In case any unitholder wants to withdraw from the SWP, he/she may do so by intimating to UTI AMC and such withdrawal will be effective from the next April or October, as the case may be.

#### 7. Receipt by unitholder to discharge UTI AMC

The receipt by the unitholder for any amount paid to him/her in respect of the outstanding units shall be deemed to be a good discharge to the UTI AMC.

#### MF Utility for investors

UTI AMC Ltd has entered into an agreement with MF Utilities India Private Ltd (MFUI) for usage of MF Utility (MFU), a shared service initiative of various Asset Management Companies, which acts as a transaction aggregation portal for transacting in multiple Schemes of various Mutual Funds with a single form and a single payment instrument through a Common Account Number (CAN).

Accordingly, all financial and non-financial transactions pertaining to the Scheme is available through MFU either electronically on <a href="https://www.mfuonline.com">www.mfuonline.com</a> as and when such a facility is made available by MFUI or physically through authorised Points Of Service ("POS) of MFUI with effect from the respective dates as published on MFUI website against the POS locations. However, all such transactions shall be subject to the eligibility of investors, any terms and conditions and compliance with the submission of documents and procedural requirements as stipulated by UTI MF/UTI AMC from time to time in addition to the conditions specified by MFU, if any.

The online portal of MFUI i.e. <a href="www.mfuonline.com">www.mfuonline.com</a> and the POS locations aforesaid shall act as Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) in addition to the existing OPAs of the UTI AMC Ltd and any transaction submitted at such POS will be routed through MFUI or as may be decided by UTI AMC. Investors not registered with MFUI also can submit their transactions request by giving reference to their existing folio number. All valid applications received for any other scheme apart from eligible schemes as stated above may be accepted by UTI AMC at its own discretion.

The uniform cut off time as prescribed by SEBI and as mentioned in the SID/KIM of the Scheme shall be applicable for applications received by MFUI. However, in case of investment of Rs 2 lacs and above, the applicability of NAV will be subject to the date and time of receipt of credit of amount to the specified bank account of AMC.

For further details regarding procedures for obtaining CAN and other particulars about MFU etc, please refer to Addendum No 50/2014-15 dated 5<sup>th</sup> February 2015/SAI. Investors may also contact the nearest POS aforesaid for procedures to be complied with in this regard.

#### Statement of Account (SoA)

- 1. SoA will be a valid evidence of admission of the applicant into the scheme. However, where the units are issued subject to realisation of cheque/ draft any issue of units to such unitholders will be cancelled and treated having not been issued if the cheque/draft is returned unpaid.
- 2. Every unitholder will be given a folio number which will be appearing in SoA for his initial investment. Further investments in the same name(s) would come under the same folio, if the folio number is indicated by the applicant at the time of subsequent investment. The folio number is provided for better record keeping by the unitholder as well as by UTI AMC.
- 3. The AMC shall issue to the investor whose application has been accepted, an SoA specifying the number of units allotted. UTI AMC shall issue a SoA within 5 business days from the date of acceptance of an application.
- 4. The AMC will issue a Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) for each calendar month to the investor in whose folios transactions has taken place during that month and such statement will be issued on or before the 10<sup>th</sup> day of the succeeding month detailing all the transactions and holding at the end of month including transaction charges paid to the distributor, if any, across all scheme of all mutual funds.

Further, CAS as above, will also be issued to investors (where PAN details of 1<sup>st</sup> holder are available) every half yearly (September/March), on or before the 10<sup>th</sup> day of succeeding month detailing holding at the end of the sixth month, across all scheme of all mutual funds, to all such investors in whose folios no transactions has taken place during that period.

The word "transaction" for the purposes of CAS would include purchase, redemption, switch, dividend payout, dividend reinvestment, Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP), Systematic Transfer of Investment Plan (STRIP), bonus transactions and merger, if any.

For further details on other Folios exempted from issuance of CAS, PAN related matters of CAS etc, please refer to SAI.

5. For those unit holders who have provided an e-mail address/mobile number:-

The AMC shall continue to allot the units to the unit holders whose application has been accepted and also send confirmation specifying the number of units allotted to the unit holders by way of e-mail and/or SMS to the unit holder's registered e-mail address and/or mobile number as soon as possible but not later then five business days from the date of receipt of the request from the unit holders.

The unit holder will be required to download and print the SoA/other correspondences after receiving e-mail from the Mutual Fund. Should the Unit holder experience any difficulty in accessing the electronically delivered SoA/other correspondences, the Unit holder shall promptly advise the Mutual Fund to enable the Mutual Fund to make the delivery through alternate means. Failure to advise UTI Mutual Fund of such difficulty within 24 hours after receiving the e-mail, will serve as an affirmation regarding the acceptance by the Unit holder of the SoA/other correspondences.

It is deemed that the Unit holder is aware of all securities risks including possible third party interception of the SoA/other correspondences and the content therein becoming known to third parties.

Under no circumstances, including negligence of the Unit Holder, shall the Mutual Fund or anyone involved in creating, producing, delivering or managing the SoA of the Unit Holder, be liable for any direct, indirect, incidental, special or consequential damages that may result from the use of or inability to use the service or out of the breach of any warranty. The use and storage of any information including, without limitation, the password, account information, transaction activity, account balances and any other information available on the Unit holder's personal computer is at risk and sole responsibility of the Unit holder.

The unitholder may request for a physical account statement by writing/calling the AMC/R&T.

#### 6. Additional disclosures in CAS

- 1. Each CAS issued to the investors shall also provide the total purchase value / cost of investment in each scheme.
- 2. Further, CAS issued for the half-year (ended September/ March) shall also provide:
  - a. The amount of actual commission paid by AMCs/Mutual Funds (MFs) to distributors (in absolute terms) during the half-year period against the concerned investor's total investments in each MF scheme. The term 'commission' here refers to all direct monetary payments and other payments made in the form of gifts / rewards, trips, event sponsorships etc. by AMCs/MFs to distributors.

Further, a mention will be made in such CAS indicating that the commission disclosed is gross commission and does not exclude

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	costs incurred by distributors such as service tax (wherever applicable, as per existing rates), operating expenses, etc.
	b. The scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms) for the half-year period for each scheme's applicable plan (regular or direct or both) where the concerned investor has actually invested in.
	3. Such half-yearly CAS shall be issued to all the Scheme's investors, excluding those investors who do not have any holdings in MF schemes and where no commission against their investment has been paid to distributors, during the concerned half-year period.
	4. The aforesaid information will be provided in the CAS in line with the format indicated by SEBI
	For further details, refer to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2016/89 dated September 20, 2016
Friend in Need	"Friend in Need" facility is introduced for the Individual investors (Resident as well as Non-resident) of UTI MF under all the schemes, whereby there is an option to furnish the contact details including name, address, relationship, telephone number and email ID of any person other than the applicant/s and nominee. This will facilitate obtaining the latest contact details of the investors, if UTI MF is unable to establish contact with the investors.
	For further details, please refer to SAI
Dividend	The dividend warrants shall be dispatched to the unitholders within 30 days of the date of declaration of the dividend.
	In case of funds received through Cash Payment mode, the dividend proceeds shall be remitted only to the designated bank account.
	In case of delay in payment of dividend amount, the Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay (presently @ 15% per annum).
Redemption	(a) The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within 10 business days from the date of redemption or repurchase.
	In case of funds received through Cash Payment mode, the redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be remitted only to the designated bank account.
	Restriction on redemption of units  Further to the possibility of delays in redemption of units under certain circumstances as stated in the aforesaid paragraphs relating to "Risk factors", the following points relating to restrictions on redemption of units may be noted:-
	1. Restrictions on redemption of units may be imposed when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as:
	<ul> <li>(i) Liquidity issues - when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security</li> <li>(ii) Market failures, exchange closures etc</li> <li>(iii) Operational issues - when exceptional circumstances are caused by</li> </ul>
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force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out). 2. Restriction on redemption may be imposed for a specified period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period. 3. Restriction will be imposed after obtaining the approvals of the Boards of AMC and the Trustees 4. When restriction on redemption is imposed, the following procedure shall be applied:-(i) No redemption requests upto INR 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction. (ii) Where redemption requests are above INR 2 lakh, AMCs shall redeem the first INR 2 lakh without such restriction and remaining part over and above INR 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction. For further details in this regard, please refer to SAI/Addendum No. 05 /2015-16 dated June 30, 2016. (b) In case of partial redemption or redemption under SWP the redemption of units standing to the credit of the unitholder's account shall be considered to have been redeemed on 'first in first out basis'. (c) Nearer to completion of 58 years of age or after a period of 5 years from the date of investment whichever is later, UTI AMC may send an intimation to the unitholder about the likely value of their investment at the age of 58 and offer them the following alternatives: (i) To continue in the scheme, (ii) To switchover the redemption proceeds fully or partially to any other scheme of UTI AMC open for purchase at that time, (iii)To redeem his outstanding unitholding fully or partially, (iv)To receive a fixed amount by redemption of units at monthly/quarterly/half-yearly/annual intervals/under the Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) as explained above. (d) Notwithstanding the above, if bodies corporate, eligible trusts etc. having a lien on the units as per clause mentioned below in Transfer / Pledge / Assignment of units are wound up, then the bodies corporate, eligible trusts etc. shall receive the redemption proceeds in accordance with such rules and guidelines as may be formulated by UTI AMC from time to time. (e) All redemption (except under SWP) will be effected on surrender of the original SoA alongwith the redemption request slip/composite service form or such other document/s as may be prescribed from time to time completed in all respects. Exit load on death of an unitholder: In the case of the death of an unitholder, no exit load (if applicable) will be charged for redemption of units by the claimant under certain circumstances and subject to fulfilling of prescribed procedural requirements. For further details refer to SAI. The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the Delay in payment redemption proceeds unitholders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay (presently @ 15% per annum). Transfer/Pledge/Assignment (a) Units issued under the scheme are not transferable / pledgeable / of Units assignable. (b) However, UTI AMC may permit transfer, pledge or lien of units issued

	under the scheme in favour of persons/bodies corporate/eligible trusts etc., in accordance with relative operational guidelines issued by UTI AMC from time to time to enable them to extend loan to their employees/employees of their associates/any group of people. (hereinafter referred to as specified unitholders). Such transfer/pledge/lien shall be deemed to be effective on the date on which necessary mandate to that effect duly signed by both the unitholder and the person concerned was received by UTI AMC.
	(c) Where units issued to the specified unitholders are subject to transfer/pledge/lien as aforesaid, the bodies corporate, eligible trust etc. shall be permitted to enforce the lien. In the event of enforcement of the claim to the units of the specified unitholders, the bodies corporate/eligible trusts etc. shall only have a right to the redemption proceeds of the units standing to the credit of the unitholder. However, they shall not be admitted as unitholders. They may be given the right to substitute an existing individual unitholder by another individual as a unitholder if otherwise eligible. Redemption shall be at the prevailing redemption price determined by UTI AMC as per Scheme Information Document.
Settlements of Claims	Please refer to the SAI for details.
	Notwithstanding anything contained in the sub clauses on Settlement of Claims in the SAI, in the event of death of the unitholder and where an eligible institution/body corporate etc. come to have a lien on the units, it will be eligible to receive the redemption proceeds and not the nominee/legal heir of the deceased unitholder. In the event of the eligible institution/body corporate etc. having a lien may decide not to redeem the units, the nominee/legal heir may claim the redemption proceeds which may be considered by UTI AMC if the eligible institution/body corporate concurs and the settlement of such claim is in accordance with such rules and operational guidelines as may be formulated for the purpose by UTI AMC.

#### **B. PERIODIC DISCLOSURES**

Net Asset Value	The Mutual Fund shall declare the Net asset value separately for different
This is the value per unit of	options of the Plans by 9 p.m. on every business day on website of UTI
the scheme on a particular	Mutual Fund, www.utimf.com. and AMFI's web-site www.amfiindia.com.
day. You can ascertain the	
value of your investments by	The NAV shall be calculated for all business days and published in atleast
multiplying the NAV with	two daily newspapers having nationwide circulation on every business day.
your unit balance.	
Monthly Portfolio	The Mutual Fund shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) as on the last day
Disclosure	of the month for all its schemes on its website on or before the tenth day of
	the succeeding month in a user-friendly and downloadable format.
	The format for monthly portfolio disclosure shall be the same as that of half
	yearly portfolio disclosures.
	The Mutual Fund shall also disclose additional information (such as ratios
	etc) subject to compliance with the SEBI Advertisement Code.
<b>Disclosure of Assets Under</b>	The Mutual Fund shall disclose the following on monthly basis, in the
Management	prescribed format, on its website and also share the same with Association of
	Mutual Funds in India (AMFI):

	<ul> <li>a. AUM from different categories of schemes such as equity scheme, debt scheme, etc.</li> <li>b. Contribution to AUM from B-15 cities (i.e. other than top 15 cities as identified by AMFI) and T-15 cities (Top 15 cities).</li> <li>c. Contribution to AUM from sponsor and its associates.</li> <li>d. Contribution to AUM from entities other than sponsor and its associates.</li> <li>e. Contribution to AUM from investors type (retail, corporate, etc.) in different scheme type (equity, debt, ETF, etc.).</li> </ul>
	In order to have a holistic picture, Mutual Fund wise and consolidated data on the above parameters shall also be disclosed on AMFI website in the prescribed format.
Half Yearly Disclosure : Portfolio / Financial Results	The Mutual Fund shall within one month from the close of each half year, (i.e. 31st March and 30th September), host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on its website.
	The Mutual Fund shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of such financial results on the website, in atleast two newspaper one national English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation and one in a newspaper having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of UTI MF is situated.
	The Mutual Fund shall also, within one month from the close of each half year, (i.e. 31st March and 30 <sup>th</sup> September), publish by way of an advertisement a complete statement of its scheme portfolio in one English daily circulating in the whole of India and in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of UTI MF is situated.
Additional Disclosure:	The Mutual Fund shall, in addition to the total commission and expenses paid to distributors, make additional disclosures regarding distributor-wise gross inflows, net inflows, AAUM and ratio of AUM to gross inflows on its website on an yearly basis.
	In case, the data mentioned above suggests that a distributor has an excessive portfolio turnover ratio, i.e., more than two times the industry average, the AMC shall conduct additional due-diligence of such distributors.
	The Mutual Fund shall also submit the data to AMFI and the consolidated data in this regard shall be disclosed on AMFI website.
Annual Report	An abridged annual report in respect of the scheme shall be mailed to the unitholders not later than four months from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year and the full annual report shall be made available for inspection at UTI Tower, Gn Block, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051. A copy of the full annual report shall also be made available to the unitholders on request on payment of nominal fee, if any.

#### Disclosures of Votes Cast by the Mutual Funds

- The AMC shall record and disclose, in the prescribed format, specific rationale supporting its voting decision (for, against or abstain) with respect to each vote proposal on matters relating to Corporate governance, changes to capital structure, stock option plans, social & corporate responsibility issues, appointment of Directors and their removal etc as stated in SEBI Circular SEBI/IMD/CIR No 18/198647/2010 dated March 15, 2010.
- b. The AMC shall additionally publish in the prescribed format summary of the votes cast across all its investee company and its break-up in terms of total number of votes cast in favor, against or abstained from.
- c. The AMC shall disclose votes cast on their website on a quarterly basis, in the prescribed format, within 10 working days from the end of the quarter. The AMC shall continue to disclose voting details in its annual report.
- d. Further, on an annual basis, the AMC shall obtain certification from a "scrutinizer" appointed in terms of Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 on the voting reports disclosed. The same shall be submitted to the trustees and also disclosed in the relevant portion of the Mutual Funds' annual report & website.
- e. The Boards of AMC and Trustees shall review and ensure that the AMC has voted on important decisions that may affect the interest of investors and the rationale recorded for vote decision is prudent and adequate. The confirmation to the same, along with any adverse comments made by the scrutinizer, shall be reported to SEBI in the half yearly trustee reports.

For further details, refer to SEBI Circular No SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2016/68 dated 10<sup>th</sup> August 2016 and SEBI Circular No CR/IMD/DF/05/2014 dated 24<sup>th</sup> March 2014.

#### **Associate Transactions**

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

#### **Taxation**

The information given below is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax/legal advisors with respect to the specific tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.

For further details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI.

#### **Mutual Fund**

UTI Mutual Fund is a Mutual Fund registered with SEBI and as such is eligible for benefits under section 10 (23D) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 (the Act) to have its entire income exempt from income tax. Consequent to the amendments carried out by the Finance Act 2017, the dividend income {dividend as defined under the Act, in clause (22) of section 2 but excluding (sub-clause(e) thereof}, of all resident assesses, except "specified assesses" (as defined in the Act by virtue of the amendment), having income, in aggregate, of more than Rs.10 lacs in a year by way of dividend from domestic company, such dividend income shall be subject to income tax @10%. In the Finance Act 2017, "specified assesses" does not include mutual funds.

The Mutual Fund will receive income without any deduction of tax at source under the provisions of Section 196(iv) of the Act.

# Tax on Dividend and Dividend Distribution - applicable for other than equity schemes

As per the section 10(35) of the Act, dividend received by investors under the schemes of UTI MF is exempt from income tax in the hands of the recipient unit holders.

As per section 115R of the Act, the dividend distribution tax is

- a) 25% plus surcharge on distribution made to any person being an individual or a HUF,
- b) 30% plus surcharge on income distributed to any other person.

The rate of surcharge on income distribution tax is increased from 10% to 12% w.e.f. 01<sup>st</sup> April 2015.

As per the Finance (No.2) Act 2014, with effect from 01st October 2014, for determining the dividend distribution tax payable, the amount of distributed income be increased to such amount as would, after reduction of the dividend distribution tax from such increased amount, be equal to the income distributed by the Mutual Fund (dividend distribution tax will be payable after grossing up).

Education cess @ 2% and secondary and higher education cess @ 1% would also be charged on amount of tax plus surcharge.

### For other than equity oriented schemes:

#### **Resident Investors:**

#### Long Term Capital Gains

As per the Finance Act 2014, with effect from 11th July 2014, for other than equity oriented schemes, long term capital gains arising on redemption of units by residents is subject to treatment indicated under Section 48 and 112 of the Act. Long term capital gains in respect of units held for more than 36 months is chargeable to tax @ 20% after factoring the benefit of cost inflation index. The said tax rate is to be increased by surcharge, if applicable.

#### Short Term Capital Gains

Units held for thirty six months or less than thirty six months preceding the date of their transfer are short term capital assets. Capital gains arising from the transfer of short term capital assets for other than equity schemes will be subject to tax at the normal rates of tax applicable to such assessee.

Certain specified assesses are also subject to Minimum Alternate Tax.

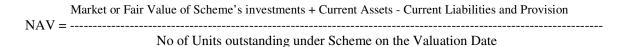
For further details on Taxation, please refer to the clause on Taxation in the

Tax benefit under section 80 C	Eligible for income tax benefit under section 80 C of the Income Tax Act
80 C	
	1961, subject to a maximum of Rs.1,50,000/- in a financial year, as specified therein.
	Under section 80CCE of the Act, the aggregate amount of deductions under section 80C, section 80CCC and sub-section (1) of section 80CCD shall not exceed Rs.1,50,000/- for a financial year.
Merger/Consolidation of Schemes of MFs:	Tax neutrality has been provided to unit holders upon consolidation or merger of mutual fund schemes provided that the consolidation is of two or more schemes of an equity oriented fund or two or more schemes of a fund other than equity oriented fund. As per sections 2(42A), section 47 and section 49:
	Pursuant to mergers/consolidations of the Schemes, units of consolidating scheme surrendered by unitholders in lieu of receipt of units of the consolidated scheme shall not be treated as transfer and capital gains tax will not be imposed on unitholders under the Income-tax Act.
	However, it may be noted that when the unitholders transfers the units of the consolidated scheme, such transfer will attract applicable capital gains tax and STT.
	Cost of Acquisition: The cost of acquisition of the units of consolidated scheme shall be the cost of units in the consolidating scheme.
	Period of holding: The period of holding of the units of the consolidated scheme shall include the period for which the units in consolidating schemes were held by the unitholder.
	Consolidating Scheme and Consolidated Scheme: Consolidating Scheme will be the scheme of a mutual fund which merges under the process of consolidation of the schemes of mutual fund in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and consolidated scheme will be the scheme with which the consolidating scheme merges or which is formed as a result of such merger.
	By the Finance Act 2017, similar tax treatment regarding cost of acquisition and period of holding is extended in respect of consolidation of plans of a scheme of a mutual fund.
	Investors are advised to refer to the Scheme Information Document and the Statement of Additional Information, as amended from time to time, for the detailed tax provisions.
Investor services	All investors could refer their grievances giving full particulars of investment at the following address:
	Ms Nanda Malai Associate Vice President – Department of Operations UTI AMC Ltd. UTI Tower, Gn Block, Bandra - Kurla Complex,
	Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051. Tel: 022-6678 6666, Fax: 022-2652 3031 Investors may post their grievances at our website: <a href="www.utimf.com">www.utimf.com</a> or e-mail us at service@uti.co.in.

#### C. COMPUTATION OF NAV

- (a) The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the scheme shall be calculated by determining the value of the scheme's assets and subtracting there from the liabilities of the scheme taking into consideration the accruals and provisions.
- (b) The NAV per unit shall be calculated by dividing the NAV of the scheme by the total number of units issued and outstanding on the valuation day. The NAV will be rounded off to 4 decimals and Units will be allotted upto four decimal places as follows or such other formula as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time. NAV shall be declared separately for both the Plans.

NAV of the Units under the Scheme shall be calculated as shown below:-



- (c) A valuation day is a day other than (i) Saturday and Sunday (ii) a day on which both the stock exchanges (BSE and NSE) and the banks in Mumbai are closed (iii) A day on which the purchase and redemption of units is suspended. If any business day in UTI AMC, Mumbai is not a valuation day as defined above then the NAV will be calculated on the next valuation day and the same will be applicable for the previous business day's transactions including all intervening holidays.
- (d) The NAVs shall be published atleast in two daily newspapers having nationwide circulation on every business day and will also be available by 9 p.m. on every business day on website of UTI Mutual Fund, <a href="https://www.utimf">www.utimf</a>. com and website of AMFI namely www.amfiindia.com.

#### IV. FEES AND EXPENSES

This section outlines the expenses that will be charged to the scheme.

#### A. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES:

(1) These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below: The AMC has estimated that upto 2.25% of the daily net assets of the scheme will be charged to the scheme as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of UTI Mutual Fund.

Particulars	% of Net Assets
	Existing Plan
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	
Trustee Fee	
Audit Fees	
Custodian Fees	
RTA Fees	
Marketing and Selling expense including agent commission	Un to 2 25%
Cost related to investor communications	Up to 2.25%
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements and dividend redemption	
cheques and warrants	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education and awareness (at least 2 bps)	

Brokerage and transaction cost over and above 12 bps and 5 bps	
for cash and derivative market trades resp.	
Goods & Services Tax on expenses other than investment and	
advisory fees	
Goods & Services Tax on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other Expenses	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under	Up to 2.25%
Regulations 52 (6) (c)	
Additional expenses under regulation 52(6A) (c)	Up to 0.20%
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities	Up to 0.30%
under Regulation 52(6A)(b)	

**Note:** Direct Plan (investment not routed through a distributor) shall have a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission etc. and no commission shall be paid from such Plan. Portfolio of the Scheme under the Existing Plan and Direct Plan will be common.

The purpose of the table is to assist the investor in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor in the scheme will bear directly or indirectly.

These estimates have been made in good faith as per the information available to the Investment Manager based on past experience and are subject to change inter-se. Types of expenses charged shall be as per the SEBI (MFs) Regulations.

- (2) The total annual recurring expenses of the scheme excluding redemption expenses but including the investment management and advisory fees shall be subject to the following limits:
  - (i) On the first ₹100 crore of the daily net assets of the scheme 2.25%
  - (ii) On the next ₹300 crore of the daily net assets of the scheme 2.00%
  - (iii) On the next ₹300 crore of the daily net assets of the scheme 1.75%
  - (iv) On the balance of the assets of the scheme 1.50%

#### (3) Total Expense Ratio (TER) and Additional Total Expenses:

#### (i) Charging of additional expenses based on new inflows from beyond 15 cities

- 1. Additional TER shall be charged upto 30 bps on daily net assets of the scheme if the new inflows from beyond top 15 cities (as per SEBI Regulations/Circulars/AMFI data) are at least (a) 30% of gross new inflows in the scheme or (b) 15% of the Average Assets under Management (AAUM) (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher. The additional TER on account of inflows from beyond top 15 cities so charged shall be clawed back in case the same is redeemed within a period of 1 year from the date of investment. The same can be used only for distribution expenses on account of new inflows from beyond top 15 cities.
- 2. In case inflows from beyond top 15 cities is less than the higher of (a) or (b) above, additional TER on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged as follows:

Daily net assets X 30 basis points X New inflows from beyond top 15 cities

365\* X Higher of (a) or (b) above

3. Additional expenses, not exceeding 0.20 per cent of daily net assets of the scheme, shall be charged towards Investment Management and Advisory fees charged by the AMC ('AMC fees') and for recurring expenses (like custodian fees, audit fees, expenses for Registrars services etc) charged under different heads as mentioned under SEBI Regulations.

<sup>\* 366,</sup> wherever applicable.

- 4. The 'AMC fees' charged to the scheme with no sub-limits will be within the TER as prescribed by SEBI Regulations.
- 5. In addition to the limits indicated above, brokerage and transaction costs not exceeding
  - 1. 0.12 % in case of cash market transactions, and
  - 2. 0.05 % in case of derivatives transactions

shall also be charged to the scheme/plans. Aforesaid brokerage and transaction costs are included in the cost of investment which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade. Any payment towards brokerage and transaction cost, over and above the aforesaid brokerage and transaction costs shall be charged to the scheme/plans within the maximum limit of TER as prescribed under regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. Any expenditure in excess of the said prescribed limit (including brokerage and transaction cost, if any) shall be borne by the AMC or by the Trustee or Sponsors

6. For further details on TER, please refer to SAI.

#### (ii) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

- 1. UTI AMC shall charge GST on investment and advisory fees to the scheme in addition to the maximum limit of TER.
- 2. GST on other than investment and advisory fees, if any, shall be borne by the scheme within the maximum limit of TER.
- 3. GST on entry/exit load, if any, shall be paid out of the load proceeds. Exit load, net of GST, if any, shall be credited to the scheme.
- 4. GST on brokerage and transaction cost paid for asset purchases, if any, shall be within the limit prescribed under SEBI Regulations.

#### (iii) Investor Education and Awareness

UTI Mutual Fund (UTI MF) shall annually set apart at least 2 bps on daily net assets within the maximum limit of TER for investor education and awareness initiatives.

#### (iv) Illustration of impact of expense ratio on scheme's returns

Simple illustration to describe the impact of the expense ratio on returns of the scheme.

A	Amount invested (Rs.)	10,000
В	Gross returns - assumed	14%
С	Closing NAV before expenses (Rs.)	11400
D	Expenses (Rs.)	200
E	Total NAV after charging expenses (C-D)	11200
F	Net returns to investor	12%

- As per SEBI Regulation expenses are charged to the scheme on daily basis on daily net assets and as per percentage limits specified by SEBI.
- The illustration is to simply describe the impact of expenses charged to the Scheme on schemes returns and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee of returns on investments.
- The above calculations are based on assumed NAVs, and actual returns on investment would be different.

#### B. LOAD STRUCTURE

(1) Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme. This amount is used by the AMC to pay commissions to the distributor and to take care of other marketing and selling expenses. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC <a href="www.utimf.com">www.utimf.com</a> or call at 1800 22 1230 (toll free number) or (022) 2654 6200 (non toll free number) or your distributor.

#### **Entry and Exit Load**

#### A. Entry Load ( as % of NAV): Nil

In accordance with the requirements specified by the SEBI circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No./168230/09 dated June 30, 2009 no entry load will be charged for purchase/additional purchase/switch-in accepted by the Fund. Similarly, no entry load will be charged with respect to applications for registrations under Systematic Investment Plans/ Micro SIP/ Systematic Transfer Investment Plans accepted by the Fund.

B. Exit Load (as % of NAV): as detailed below		
Period of Holding	Exit Load (as % of NAV)	
Less than one year	5%	
Greater than or equal to one year and less than three years	3%	
Greater than or equal to three years	1%	
Redemption at maturity (i.e. 58 years of age) or after 5 years from the date of investment whichever is later	Nil	

The above load structure will also be applicable for investment through Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) and Systematic Transfer Investment Plan (STRIP).

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the scheme before investing.

For any change in load structure, AMC will issue an addendum and display it on the website/UTI Financial Centres.

#### (2) Transaction charges

Pursuant to SEBI circular no. CIR/IMD/DF/13/2011 dated August 22, 2011, a transaction charge of ₹100/- for existing investors and ₹150/- in the case of first time investor in Mutual Funds, per subscription of ₹10,000/- and above, respectively, is to be paid to the distributors of UTI Mutual Fund products. However, there shall be no transaction charges on direct investment/s not made through the distributor/financial advisor etc.

There shall be no transaction charge on subscription below ₹10,000/-.

In case of SIPs, the transaction charge shall be applicable only if the total commitment through SIPs amounts to ₹10,000/- and above. In such cases, the transaction charge shall be recovered in 3-4 instalments.

The transaction charge, if any, shall be deducted by UTI AMC from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor and the balance shall be invested. Allocation of Units under the scheme will be Net of Transaction Charges. The Statement of Account (SoA) would also reflect the same.

If the investor has not ticked in the Application form whether he/she is an existing/new investor, then by default, the investor will be treated as an existing investor and transaction charges of ₹100/- will be deducted for investments of ₹10,000/- and above and paid to distributor/financial advisor etc., whose information is provided by the investor in the Application form. However, where the investor has mentioned 'Direct Plan' against the scheme name, the Distributor code will be ignored and the

Application will be processed under 'Direct Plan' in which case no transaction charges will be paid to the distributor.

#### Opt in/Opt out by Distributors:

Distributors shall be able to choose to opt out of charging the transaction charge. However the 'opt out' shall be at distributor level and not at investor level i.e., a distributor shall not charge one investor and choose not to charge another investor.

Distributors shall also have the option to either opt in or opt out of levying transaction charge based on category of the product. The various category of product are as given below:

Sr. No.	Category of product
1	Liquid/ Money Market Schemes
2	Gilt Schemes
3	Debt Schemes
4	Infrastructure Debt Fund Schemes
5	Equity Linked Saving Schemes (ELSS)
6	Other Equity Schemes
7	Balanced Schemes
8	Gold Exchange Traded Funds
9	Other Exchange Traded Funds
10	Fund of Funds investing Overseas
11	Fund of Funds – Domestic

Where a distributor does not exercise the option, the default Option will be Opt-out for all above categories of product. The option exercised for a particular product category will be valid across all Mutual Funds.

The ARN holders, if they so desire, can change their option during the special two half yearly windows available viz. March 1st to March 25th and September 1st to September 25th and the new option status change will be applicable from the immediately succeeding month.

Upfront commission, if any, on investment made by the investor, shall be paid directly by the investor to the AMFI registered Distributors based on the investors' assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the distributor.

(3) Any imposition or enhancement of exit load shall be applicable on prospective investments only. The AMC shall not charge any load on issue of bonus units and units allotted on reinvestment of dividend for existing as well as prospective investors.

At the time of changing the load structure, the Mutual Fund shall consider the following measures to avoid complaints from investors about investment in the scheme without knowing the exit load:

- (i) The addendum detailing the changes shall be attached to the scheme information documents and key information memoranda. The addendum shall be circulated to all the distributors/brokers so that the same can be attached to all scheme information documents and key information memoranda already in stock.
- (ii) Arrangements shall be made to display the addendum in the scheme information document in the form of a notice in all the official points of acceptance and distributors/brokers office.
- (iii) The introduction of the exit load along with the details may be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and shall also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such load.

- (iv) A public notice shall be given in respect of such changes in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.
- (v) Any other measures which the Mutual Fund may feel necessary.

#### V. RIGHTS OF UNITHOLDERS

Please refer to SAI for details.

## VI. PENALTIES, PENDING LITIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS, FINDINGS OF INSPECTIONS OR INVESTIGATIONS FOR WHICH ACTION MAY HAVE BEEN TAKEN OR IS IN THE PROCESS OF BEING TAKEN BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY

Status of the information in this regard as furnished by the respective sponsors mentioned below is provided as under:

In case of Indian Sponsor(s), details of all monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken during the
last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against
Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company; for irregularities or for
violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to share holders or debenture
holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law. Details of
settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years shall also be
disclosed.

### (a) Penalties imposed against Life Insurance Corporation of India (Amount in ₹) Penalties imposed by IRDA

A. The following penalties were imposed by IRDA against LIC for the year 2014-15 on its Inspection as per the following details:-

Particulars of Inspection observations	Penalty levied by IRDA-	Status of payment	
	Amount	of penalty	
• Instances were noticed wherein filled in	Penalty of ₹ 5 Lacs under	Paid	
proposal forms were altered without	S.102(b) of the Act		
necessary authentication from the	imposed		
proposers			
• Policies issued with terms and			
conditions other than as applied by the			
Proposers			
• Policies are split and more than one			
policy issued under a single proposal			
All equity investment in a single Investee	Penalty of ₹ 5 lacs	Paid	
company (from all funds of the corporation)	imposed on the Insurer		
cannot be more than 10% of outstanding	under S.102(b) of the Act		
shares (face value) of the Investee company			

#### **B. Service Tax**

Financial Year	<b>Particulars</b>	Amount (₹)	Status
2010-2011	Service Tax	1018.00	Paid
2011-2012	Service Tax	14986.00	Paid
2012-2013	Service Tax	799268.00	Paid

No penalties have been imposed during the last four years by the Income Tax Authorities.

#### (b) Penalties and Proceedings against Bank of Baroda:-

#### **Zone: Maharashtra & Goa**

(i) Sponsor and Branch: Bank of Baroda, Laxmi Road, Pune City Name of Complainant: Pune Municipal Corporation (PMC) Court/Tribunal / Case No. & Year: Supreme court SLP (C) No. 23299/2010

Amount involved: Octroi penalty of ₹ 94.22 lacs

Nature of Case/Type of offence & section: Bank filed a writ petition before Bombay HC challenging the arbitrary demand of the PMC & the provisions under Pune Municipal Corporation (Octroi) Rules 2008 imposing penalty being contrary to the provisions of Section 398 of the Bombay Provincial Municipal Corporation Act, 1949. The Bombay HC allowed the appeal holding corporation does not have power to impose penalty equivalent to 10 times the Octroi without following the due process of law as envisaged under section 398 of Act of 1949.

Bank's reply/defence: Bank paid the amount of octroi of ₹9,42,200/- but refused to pay penalty amounting to ₹94,22,000/- (10 times of octroi amount).

Present Status & Remarks: Against the order of the HC, PMC filed SLP in SC. The Hon'ble SC after hearing the Counsels was of the view that there is conflicting judgments on the issue and the same requires some time for hearing. On 13/10/2011 the Hon'ble SC said since bank has already paid the Octroi and matter involved herein is only about penalty imposed by corporation, let the matter come up for hearing in regular course. Matter has not come in the regular board till date.

(ii) Sponsor and Branch: Bank of Baroda, Nasik City

Name of Complainant: Nasik Municipal Corporation

Court/Tribunal / Case No. & Year: Supreme Court SLP (C) No. 9706/2010

Amount involved: Octroi penalty of ₹5.95 lacs

Nature of Case/Type of offence & section: Bank filed a writ petition before Bombay HC challenging the arbitrary demand of the NMC & the provisions under Nashik Municipal Corporation (Octroi) Rule 2005 imposing penalty being contrary to the provisions of Section 398 of the Bombay Provincial Municipal Corporation Act, 1949. The Bombay HC allowed the appeal holding corporation does not have power to impose penalty equivalent to 10 times the Octroi without following the due process of law as envisaged under section 398 of Act of 1949.

Bank's reply/defence: Bank paid the amount of octroi, but refused to pay penalty amounting to `59.50 lacs (10 times of Octroi amount).

Present Status & Remarks: Against the order of the HC, NMC filed SLP in SC. The Hon'ble SC after hearing the Counsels was of the view that there is conflicting judgments on the issue and the same requires some time for hearing. On 13/10/2011 the Hon'ble SC said since bank has already paid the Octroi and matter involved herein is only about penalty imposed by corporation, let the matter come up for hearing in regular course. Matter has not come in the regular board till date.

Total no. of cases: 2

Total amount involved/claimed amount: ₹100.17 lacs

#### Region-DMR-1 (NZ):

(iii) Sponsor and Branch: Bank of Baroda, IBB branch

Name of the party/complainant: Special Directorate of Enforcement

Name of the Court/Forum & Case no.: CRL Appeal No. 256/2009 before HC, Delhi in Comp/ u/s 8(1), 64(2) and also read with sections 6(4), 6(5), 49 and 73(3) of FERA, 1973.

Amount involved: ₹ 10 lacs

Advocate Name: Pramod Agarwala

Nature of the case/type of offences and Section: Complaint u/s 6(4), 6(5), 8(1), 64(2) and 73(3) of FERA Act 1973.

Details/brief nature of the case: Allegations of violation of FERA regarding Deposit of Foreign Currency Notes in NRE A/c of Mr. Gurcharan Singh Sethi and Smt. Surinder Kaur. The Directorate of Enforcement in order dated 11.08.04 held that Bank has failed to ensure the genuineness of the transactions and has contravened the provisions of FERA. Penalty of ₹ 10 lacs was imposed. Bank has denied the allegations on the ground that individual transactions were of less than ₹ 10 lacs.

Bank's Reply/defence: Bank's contention is that each time deposits are made of the amount of less than 10000 USD, hence there is no violation of provisions of FERA Act, 1973.

Present Status and remarks: On 03.03.2010 interim stay orders have been made absolute. Matter will be listed in due course in regular matters.

(iv) Sponsor and Branch: Bank of Baroda, IBB branch

Name of the party/complainant: Special Directorate of Enforcement

Name of the Court/Forum & Case no.: CRL Appeal No. 325/2008 before HC Delhi in Comp/ u/s 8(1), 64(2) and also read with sections 6(4), 6(5), 49 and 73(3) of FERA, 1973.

Amount involved: ₹ 5 lacs

Advocate Name: Pramod Agarwala

Nature of the case/type of offences and Section: Complaint u/s 6(4), 6(5), 8(1), 64(2) and 73(3) of FERA Act 1973.

Details/brief nature of the case: Allegations of violation of FERA regarding Deposit of Foreign Currency Notes in NRE A/c of one Mr. Sarbir Singh, from 25.01.92 to 31.01.92. The Directorate Enforcement in order dated 11.08.04 held that Bank has failed to ensure the genuineness of the transactions and has contravened the provisions of FERA. Penalty of ₹ 5 lacs was imposed. Appeal filed with Appellate Authority, which has been dismissed on 07.12.2007. Criminal Appeal before the Delhi High Court has been filed, which is pending.

Bank's Reply/defense: Bank's contention is that each time deposits are made of the amount of less than 10000 USD, hence there is no violation of provisions of FERA Act, 1973.

Present Status and remarks: On 03.03.2010 interim stay orders have been made absolute. Matter will be listed in due course in regular matters.

Total No. of Cases: 2

Total amount involved: ₹15 lacs

(v) Sponsor and Branch: Bank of Baroda, Eastern Zone, Camac Street

Name of the party: Special Director of Enforcement Directorate

Court/Tribunal & Case no./Year: Enforcement Directorate

Amount involved/claimed: ₹10 Lacs

Nature of the case/type of offences and Section: Breach of provisions of FERA

Details/brief nature of the case: Bank had given loan of ₹2.55 crores to M/s Corpus Credit & Leasing Ltd., against FCNR FDR of \$1 million (US) belonging to Mrs. And Mr. Bhagwandas & Devbala Pawani held with Camac Street Branch. The then Chief Manager procured the said FDR of Pawanis from their International Branch and handed over the same to borrower. **Investigations** conducted under provisions of FERA revealed that the signatures of Mrs. and Mr. Pawani on the account opening form did not match with those on the consent letter, discharged FCNR FDR. Chief Manager had not verified the genuineness of the documents collected from Notice No. 4 either from the Pawanis or from International Branch, Bank of Baroda, Dubai.

Bank's Reply/defence: Bank followed all the directions of RBI and remittance of \$ 1 million (US) was received by Bank through authorized banking channel and was genuine. Further, the proceeds of the FCNR FDR, along with interest thereon, was paid by the Bank to the Pawanis on maturity, in accordance with established remittance. Hence, there was no violation of FERA. The loan granted to the borrower company M/s Corpus Credit & Leasing Ltd. was a rupee loan and involved no outgo of foreign exchange.

Present Status and remarks: Special Director has imposed a penalty of ₹10,00,000 (Rupees Ten Lakhs) on the Bank for violation of FERA. Bank filed an appeal against the same before the Appellate Authority for Foreign Exchange, Ministry of Law, Justice & Company Affairs. LDH 6.03.2014 no hearing took place as opposite party did not appear. NDH 17.07.2014.

Region - Bihar, Patna

Zone – Bihar, Jharkhand & Orissa, Patna:

(vi) Sponsor and Branch: Bank of Baroda, Patna Main branch

Name of the party/Litigant/Complainant: Assessing Officer, Income Tax Department, Patna

Court/Tribunal & Case No./Yr.: High Court, Patna. Appeal No. MA-632/2013

Amount involved/claimed: ₹ 96.96 Lacs

Nature of case/type of offence and section: TDS claim by Assessing Officer, Income Tax, Patna

Details/brief nature of case: Patna Main branch has not deducted TDS from the FDRs held in different organisations for the F.Y. 2007-08 and 2008-09.

Bank's reply/defence: Appeal filed by bank before the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal was dismissed. Against the order of the ITAT bank has filed Misc. Appeal in the Hon'ble High Court, Patna which is pending.

Present Status and remarks: The appeal in the High Court was last listed on 03.03.2014 for hearing. The oral order has been passed on 03.03.2014 wherein it is directed that notify the case for admission hearing. The matter is not listed in the cause list of the cases for hearing after 03.03.2014. Total No. of Cases: 01

Total amount involved/claimed amount: ₹ 96.96 Lacs

(c) Penalties and Proceedings against Punjab National Bank:-

<u>I</u> Penalty Imposed – Rs.1,00,000/- (Rs. One Lakh Only)

(RBI has imposed a penalty of ₹1,00,000/- on account of shortage in Security General Ledger A/c)

#### II Penalty Imposed – ₹3,00,00,000/- (Rs. Three Crore Only)

(The penalties imposed by RBI under the provisions of Section 46(4) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, for contraventions of any of the provisions of the Act or non-compliance with any other requirement of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949; order, rule or condition specified by Reserve Bank of India under the Act.)

### $\hbox{(d) Penalties imposed on foreign offices and foreign subsidiaries of State Bank of India during } 2013-14$

Period	Name of	Penalty	Brief details	Penalty	Date of
	Office/Branch / Subsidiary	imposed by		imposed/Rupee equivalent	payment of penalty
April 2013	Jeddah Branch	Saudi Arabia Monetary Agency (SAMA)	delayed submission of financial statement as at the end of December 2012	SAR 19,000 (₹2.68 lac)	07.04.2013
April 2013	Jeddah	do-	Non adherence to the requirement of incorporating National ID/Civil Register Number of the drawer of the cheque in the slip of all dishonoured cheques	SAR 11,700 (₹1.64 lacs)	27.04.2013
June 2013	Regional Representativ e Office, Manila	Securities Exchange Commissio n of Manila (SEC)	delayed submission of General Information Sheet and proof of Inward Remittance (for Manila Representative office	PHP 8,561.79 (₹0.39 lacs)	24.07.2013
April 2013	Bank SBI Indonesia	Bank Indonesia	delayed submission of Commercial Bank Daily Report,	IDR 2,000,000 (₹0.13 lacs)	10.04.2013
December 2013	Bank SBI Indonesia	Bank Indonesia	error in reported data for calculation of minimum statutory reserve	IDR 17,712,377 (₹0.87 lacs)	12.12.2013
December 2013	Bank SBI Indonesia	Bank Indonesia	25 forex purchase transactions done by a customer were considered to be in violation of Bank Indonesia's regulation concerning foreign exchange purchases against IDR	IDR 250,000,000 (₹12.23 lacs)	30.12.2013
June 2013	SBI Mauritius* (SBIML)	Bank of Mauritius	This was due to Bank of Mauritius found that SBI Mauritius has failed to comply with the guidelines of Anti-Money Laundering and Combating the Financing of Terrorism.	MUR 500,000 (₹9.96 lacs)	17.07.2013

\*Bank of Mauritius imposed a penalty of MUR 100,000/- i.e. equivalent of ₹1.75 lacs for a violation reported in December 2012. This was due to non-adherence of guidelines on advertisement by Bank of Mauritius.

Penalties imposed on State Bank of India during 2013-14 on Domestic Operations

Period Name of Penalty Brief details Penalty				Date of	
101104	Office/Branch	imposed by	Differ details	imposed	Payment
	/ Subsidiary	imposed by		(Rupees in lacs)	1 dy mone
July 2013	State Bank of	Reserve	Penalty under Section	₹ 300.00 lacs	15.07.2013
0 41 / 2010	India	Bank of India	47A (1)(c) read with	200.00 140	10.07.2010
		Zum or mara	Section 46(4) of the		
			Banking Regulation		
			Act 1949, for alleged		
			violation of its		
			guidelines/statutory		
			provisions on issue/sale		
			of drafts/gold coins		
			against cash, non		
			capturing of beneficial		
			owner details in CBS		
			and non-availability of		
			a scenario for		
			generating alerts for		
			monitoring transactions		
			in accounts with high		
			turnover but low end		
March	CAG New	Income Tax	day balance.  Late remittance of TDS	₹12.57 lacs	31.03.2014
2014	Delhi Branch	Authorities	pertaining to CAG New	X12.37 lacs	31.03.2014
2014	Dellii Brancii	Authornies	Delhi branch.		
FY 2013-	All the Circles	Reserve	Reasons such as non	₹237.06 lacs	Penalties
14	of SBI:	Bank of India	conduct of surprise	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	paid on
17	penalties	Dank of India	verification of		various
	relating to the		Currency Chest (CC)		dates in
	Agency		branches, shortage in		Circles of
	Banking		soiled note remittances		SBI. (Dates
	&Reconciliati		and CC balance,		of payment
	on Department		detection of mutilated/		for
			counterfeit notes in		penalties of
			reissuable packets		Rs.1.00
			etc.(detailed in the		lacs and
			annexure)		above are
					furnished in
					the list
					annexed)

#### Penalties above one lac and nature of penalty thereof

#### (₹ in lacs)

Circle	Nature of penalty	Penal Amount	RBI DR Date of Penalty
		12110 02110	Amount
Ahmedabad	Non conduct of surprise verification of CC balance	1.00	22-0ct-13
Bengal	Shortage in Soiled Note Remittance and CC balance	20.00	22-0ct-13
Bhubaneshwar	Shortage in Soiled Note Remittance and CC balance	2.10	27-Nov-13
Chandigarh	Detection of mutilated/counterfeit notes in re-issuable packets	3.75	27-Sep-13
New Delhi	Denial of facilities/services to linked branch of other banks	5.00	16-Jan-14
New Delhi	Detection of mutilated/counterfeit notes in re-issuable packets	5.00	16-Jan-14
New Delhi	Detection of mutilated/counterfeit notes in re-issuable packets and soiled note remittance	4.74	11-Jul-13
New Delhi	Wrong reporting of Remittance to RBI (as withdrawal)	45.00	04-Jul-13
New Delhi	Non conduct of surprise verification of cc balance	4.97	25-Jul-13
Hyderabad	Non conduct of surprise verification of cc balance	5.00	12-Jul-13
Hyderabad	Shortage in Soiled Note Remittance in CC balance	1.00	24-Jan-14
Lucknow	Shortage in SNR and Currency Chest balance	2.60	16-Sep-13
Mumbai	Shortage in SNR and Currency Chest balance	1.13	27-Mar-14
North East	Shortage in SNR and Currency Chest balance	1.56	25-Jul-13
Patna	Detection of mutilated/counterfeit notes in re-issuable packets and Soiled note remittance	3.22	05-Jun-13

2. Details of all enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party. The details of the violation shall also be disclosed. –

#### **Bank of Baroda**

(a) Bank of Baroda was one of the bankers to the public issue of shares of Jaltarang Motels Limited ("Jaltarang"). The issue opened for public subscription on December 21, 1995 and closed on December 26, 1995.

The prospectus issued by the Company categorically stated that the company's shares would be listed on the stock exchanges at Ahmedabad and Bombay but permission for listing could be obtained only from Ahmedabad Stock Exchange (ASE).

While ASE accorded approval on March 4, 1996, Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) rejected the request of the company (Jaltarang) for listing of shares. However, the Bank (Bank of Baroda), on March 25, 1996 transferred a sum of ₹38,89,218/- collected from the public, to the company's (Jaltarang) account.

Since BSE had refused to list the company's shares, the public issue became void in terms of section 73 of the Companies Act necessitating refund of the application money forthwith to the applicants.

The matter came to the notice of SEBI. To protect the interest of applicants SEBI, after holding an inquiry, by its order dated January 19, 2000 directed the bank to refund the sum of ₹4,031,018/being the application money with interest at 15% from March 25, 1996 i.e. the day the bank allowed withdrawal of the funds by Jaltarang in respect of funds collected from the public issue.

The Bank preferred an appeal before the Securities Appellate Tribunal against the aforesaid order of SEBI. The tribunal, by its order dated July 27, 2000, rejected the appeal of the Bank. On which the bank filed an appeal (Appeal No.2 of 2000) before the High Court, Mumbai against the said order of the Tribunal. The High Court, Mumbai, on November 13, 2000, granted interim relief of stay of the operation of the orders dated July 27, 2000 of the Securities Appellate Tribunal and January 19, 2000 of SEBI and has further directed that the matter be placed on the board for final hearing.

Present Status: The matter is still pending with High Court Mumbai.

There are no further communication/queries from any regulatory authority to BOBCAPS in the matter.

(b) The merchant banking division of the Bank of Baroda was the pre-issue lead manager for the public issue of shares of Trident Steels Limited ("Trident") in November, 1993.

SEBI issued a show cause notice dated April 29, 2004 calling upon the merchant banking division of the Bank to show cause why action should not be taken against it for failing in its duty to exercise due diligence in the above mentioned public issue. SEBI alleged that the merchant banking division of the Bank did not disclose the material fact that 750,000 shares out of the pre issue capital of Trident had been pledged by the directors and shareholders of those shares to the Industrial Finance Branch of the Bank towards enhancement of various credit facilities extended by the Bank to Trident.

In October 1989, the directors and holders of those shares have given an undertaking that as long as the dues of Trident to the Bank are not paid in full, they will not transfer, deal with or dispose off equity or preference shares held by them in the company or any shares that might be acquired in future, without prior written consent of the Bank.

BOBCAPS, in its reply to the show cause notice of SEBI, has submitted that it was the obligation of Trident to give true disclosures and that any punitive action will lie solely against Trident Steels Ltd., its promoters and directors.

Present Status: There are no further communication/queries from SEBI to BOBCAPS in the matter.

The enquiry has been dropped by SEBI.

(c) The Bank of Baroda had acted as lead managers to the public issue of Kraft Industries Limited ("Kraft") in May 1995. It is alleged that the Managing Director and Promoter of Kraft Industries Ltd. did not possess the qualifications as mentioned in the prospectus filed for raising the funds.

SEBI required from the Bank being merchant banker to the issue, the copies of qualification certificates of the company's Managing Director.

On enquiring, the Managing Director of Kraft Industries Ltd. informed the Bank of having lost the certificates in transit. The bank has replied accordingly to SEBI.

The inquiry is still pending.

Present Status: There are no further communication/queries from SEBI to BOBCAPS in the matter.

(d) M S Shoes East Limited (MS Shoes) came out with a public issue of 17,584,800 zero interest unsecured fully convertible debentures in February 1995. The Bank of Baroda was one of the Lead Managers to the issue with responsibility for post issue management and had underwritten the issue up to ₹150,000,000.

After the closure of the issue, MS Shoes complained to the underwriters that some of the cheques accompanying the application for subscription were returned unpaid resulting in the collected

amount falling short of the minimum subscription amount. Therefore MS Shoes called upon the underwriters to discharge their underwriting liability to the extent of proportionate devolution and raised a claim on the bank for ₹116,665,043 towards devolution of underwriting liability.

The bank declined the claim on the ground that since the issue was declared oversubscribed by the Registrars to the issue no liability can devolve on the Bank under its underwriting commitment.

SEBI has issued an enquiry notice dated July 20, 1995 to the bank, but closed the matter without imposing any penalty on the bank.

Complaint was filed on behalf of MS Shoes, at Vikaspuri Police Station against SBI Capital Markets Limited, the bank, its principal officers including the then CMD and others alleging cheating and breach of trust. The High Court, New Delhi, by order dated December 11, 2000 ordered transfer of the case to Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI).

The investigation by the CBI is still pending.

Present Status: There are no further communication/queries from CBI or SEBI to BOBCAPS in the matter.

The enquiry has been dropped by SEBI.

#### State Bank of India

**Against Sponsor:** 

SEBI served show cause notice dated 08.11.2012 under rule 4 of the adjudication Rules for the deficiencies observed in Debenture Trustee operations during their inspection conducted from 26.07.2010 to 30.07.2010 at State Bank of India, Mumbai Main branch. Bank has made payment of ₹ 6.80 lacs towards the settlement charges to SEBI on 13.01.2015 for the same. The settlement order was passed on 28.01.2015 by the Adjudicating Officer thus disposing of the said Adjudication Proceedings pending in respect of SBI.

3. Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party should also be disclosed separately.

#### UTI AMC Ltd.

- a)A writ petition has been filed by UTI Asset Management Company Ltd., UTI Mutual Fund and UTI Trustee Company Private Ltd. challenging the order dated 06.08.2008 passed by the Central Information Commission on the applicability of the Right to Information Act, 2005, which has been stayed by the Honourable High Court, Bombay. The writ has been admitted and stay will continue pending the hearing and final disposal of the petition. The matter will come up for hearing in due course.
- b) There are 10 criminal cases pending related to normal operations of the schemes of UTI MF such as non-transfer of units, non-receipt of unit certificates, non-receipt of redemption proceeds or income distribution, closure of scheme/plan. These cases are not maintainable and judging from our experience such cases are generally dismissed by Courts or withdrawn by the complainant.

All the cases were filed in the name of the then Manager/Branch Manager/Chairman (Key personnel) of the erstwhile Unit Trust of India. We have already settled all these cases by paying the amount/issuing certificate to the complainant. However, cases are continuing due to procedural aspect as final orders of the Courts are to be pronounced. All the cases filed before 2003, stood transferred to the successor of UTI i.e, UTI MF due to transfer of scheme after passing of The Unit Trust of India (Transfer of Undertaking & Repeal Act) 2002.

- c) There are 31 cases pending at different courts related to suits/petitions filed by a) contract workmen,
   b) employees association,
   c) employees/ex-employees etc. These cases are pending at different levels for adjudication.
- d) A Special Leave Petition has been filed by Bajaj Auto Ltd. before the Honourable Supreme Court of India against the final judgement and order dated 09.10.2006 of the Honourable High Court of Bombay in the matter of the winding up of UTI Growth & Value Fund- Bonus Plan with effect from 01.02.2005 in pursuance to circular dated 12.12.2003 of SEBI. The matter is admitted on 10.07.2008 and will be heard in due course.
- e) One Writ Petition filed by R K Sanghi pending before High Court of Madhya Pradesh Principal Seat at Jabalpur challenging termination of Senior Citizenship Unit Plan (SCUP). We have already filed affidavit in reply in the matter and now petition will be heard in due course.

#### **Income Tax Related Matter**

- 1) The orders cum demand notices for ₹ 0.01 crore (Previous Year Rs 0.12 crore) is pending with Income Tax Office TDS on various grounds. The company has filed appeals to the appellate authority on the said orders mentioning that all the payments have been duly complied. The grounds of appeal are well supported in law. As a result, the company does not expect the demand to crystalise into a liability.
- 2) Assessment Order has been passed for the Assessment Years 2010-11 raising a Demand of 2.27 crore. The company has filed appeals with CIT(A) In respect of such order.
- 3) The reassessment order for the Assessment Year 2009-10 has been passed raising a demand of ₹ 5.25 crore. The appeals have been filed before CIT(A) against both the orders.
- 4) Assessment Order has been passed for the Assessment Year 2012-13 & 2013-14 raising a demand of ₹0.74 crore & ₹0.78 crore respectively. The demand has been paid and appeals have been filed before CIT(A) against both the orders.

#### **UTI GETF:**

The Maharashtra Sales Tax authorities have disallowed refund claim and raised tax demand under the Maharashtra Value Added Tax Act 2002 for UTI GETF for a sum of ₹ 2,65,23,583/- plus interest and penalty for the years 2007-08 to 2012-13. Penalties for some years have been set aside by the Appellate authorities. The matter is being contested, Appeals/Writ Petition have been filed with the appellate authorities/Courts against the denial of the refund claim and raising of demand.

4. Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor and/or the AMC or the Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency. - NIL

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the Guidelines there under shall be applicable.

#### **CORPORATE OFFICE**

UTI Tower, 'Gn' Block, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400 051. Tel.: 66786666

### OFFICIAL POINTS OF ACCEPTANCE UTI FINANCIAL CENTRES

#### WEST ZONE

#### **GUJARAT REGION**

Ahmedabad: 2nd Floor, IFCI Bhavan, Behind Tanishq Show Room, Nr. Lal Bungalow Bus Stand, C G Road, Ahmedabad - 380 006. Gujarat, Tel.: (079) 26462180, 26462905, Anand: 12-A, First Floor, Chitrangna Complex, Anand - V. V. Nagar Road, Anand - 388 001, Gujarat, Tel.: (02692) 245943 / 944, Bharuch: 103-105, Aditya Complex, 1st Floor, Near Kashak Circle, Bharuch – 392 001, Gujarat, Tel.:(02642) 227331, Bhavnagar: Shree Complex, 6-7 Ground Floor, Opp. Gandhi Smruti, Crescent Circle, Crescent, Bhavnagar - 364 001, Tel.:(0278)-2519961/2513231, Bhuj: First Floor 13 & 14, Jubilee Circle, Opposite All India Radio, Banker's Colony, Bhuj - 370 001, Gujarat, Tel: (02832) 220030, Gandhinagar: Shop No.1 & 2, Shree Vallabh Chambers, Nr. Trupti Parlour, Plot 382, Sector 16, Gandhinagar - 382 016, Gujarat Tel: (079) 23240461, 23240786, Jamnagar: "Keshav Complex", First Floor, Opp. Dhanvantary College, Pandit Nehru Marg, Jamnagar - 361 001, Tel:(0288)-2662767/68, Navsari: 1/4 Chinmay Arcade, Sattapir, Sayaji Road, Navsari - 396 445, Gujarat, Tel: (02637)-233087, Rajkot: Race Course Plaza, Shop No.5,6,7, Ground Floor, Near Income Tax, Rajkot-360 001, Tel:(0281) 2433525/244 0701, Surat: B-107/108, Tirupati Plaza, Near Collector Office, Athwa Gate, Surat-395 001, Tel: (0261) 2474550, Vadodara: G-6 & G-7, "Landmark" Bldg., Transpeck Centre, Race Course Road, Vadodara-390 007, Tel:(0265) 2336962, Vapi: GF 1 & GF 2, Shoppers Stop, Near Jay Tower-1, Imran Nagar, Silvassa Road, Vapi - 396 195, Gujarat, Tel: (0260) 2421315.

#### **MUMBAI REGION**

Bandra Kurla Complex: UTI Tower, 'Gn' Block, Ground Floor, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai-400051, Tel: (022) 66786354/6101, Borivali: Purva Plaza, Ground Floor, Juntion of S V Road & Shimpoli, Soni Wadi Corner, Borivali (West), Mumbai - 400 092. Tel. No.: (022) 2898 0521/5081, Ghatkopar: Shop No.1-4, Ground Floor, Sai Plaza, Junction of Jawahar Road and R. B. Mehta Road, Near Ghatkopar Rly Station, Ghatkopar (East), Mumbai - 400 077, Tel: (022) 25012256/25010812/715/833, Goregaon: 101, 1st Floor, Accord Commercial Complex, Opposite Bus Depot, Station Road, Goregaon (East), Mumbai - 400 063, Tel: (022) 26850849/26850850, JVPD: Unit No.2, Block 'B', Opp. JVPD Shopping Centre, Gul Mohar Cross Road No.9, Andheri (W), Mumbai-400049, Tel:(022) 26201995/26239841, Kalyan: Ground Floor, Jasraj Commercial Complex, Chitroda Nagar, Valli Peer, Station Road, Kalyan (West) - 421 301, Tel: (0251) 2316063/7191, Lotus Court: Lotus Court Building, 196, Jamshedji Tata Road, Backbay Reclamation, Mumbai-400020, Tel: (022) 22821357, Marol: Plot No.12, Road No.9 Behind Hotel Tunga Paradise MIDC Marol, Andheri (East), Mumbai - 400 093, Maharashtra, Tel.: (022) 2836 5138, Powai: A-1, Ground Floor, Delphi Orchard Avenue, Hiranandani Business Park, Hiranandani Gardens, Powai, Mumbai-400 076, Tel: (022) 67536797/98, Thane: 101/102, Ishkrupa, Ram Maruti Road, Opp. New English School, Naupada, Thane West - 400 602, Maharashtra, Tel.: (022) 2533 2409 / 2533 2415, Vashi: Shop no. 4, 5 & 6, Plot no. 9, Ganesh Tower, Sector 1, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400 703, Tel.: (022) 27820171/74/77.

#### **NAGPUR REGION**

Amravati: C-1, VIMACO Tower, S.T. Stand Road, Amravati – 444 602, Maharashtra, Tel.: (0721) 2553126/7/8, Bhilai: 38 Commercial Complex, Nehru Nagar (East), Bhilai – 490 020, Distt. Durg, Chhattisgarh, Tel.: (0788) 2293222, 2292777, Bhopal: 2nd Floor, V. V. Plaza, 6 Zone II, M. P. Nagar, Bhopal-462 011, Tel: (0755) 2558308, Gwalior: 45/A, Alaknanda Towers, City Centre, Gwalior-474011, Tel: (0751) 2234072, Indore: UG 3 & 4, Starlit Tower, YN Road, Indore-452 001, Tel:(0731) 2533869/4958, Jabalpur: 74-75, 1st Floor, Above HDFC Bank, Gol Bazar, Jabalpur – 482 002, Madhya Pradesh, Tel: (0761) 2480004/5, Nagpur: 1st Floor, Shraddha House, S. V. Patel Marg, Kings Way, Nagpur-440 001, Tel: (0712) 2536893, Raipur: Vanijya Bhavan, Sai Nagar, Jail Road, Raipur-492 009, Tel: (0771) 2881410/12, Ratlam: R.S.Paradise, 101, 1st Floor, Above Trimurti Sweets, Do Batti Square, Ratlam – 457 001, Madhya Pradesh, Tel.: (07412) 222771/72.

#### REST OF MAHARASHTRA AND GOA

Aurangabad: "Yashodhan", Near Baba Petrol Pump, 10, Bhagya Nagar, Aurangabad – 431 001, Maharashtra, Tel.: (0240) 2345219 / 29, Chinchwad: City Pride, 1st Floor, Plot No.92/C, D III Block, MIDC, Mumbai-Pune Highway, Kalbhor Nagar, Chinchwad, Pune-411 019, Tel: (020) 65337240, Jalgaon: First Floor, Plot No-68, Zilha Peth, Behind Old Court, Near Gujrat Sweet Mart, Jalgaon (Maharashtra), Pin - 425 001, Tel.: (257) 2240480/2240486, Kolhapur: 11 & 12, Ground Floor, Ayodhya Towers, C S No 511, KH-1/2, 'E' Ward, Dabholkar Corner, Station Road, Kolhapur-416 001, Tel.: (0231) 2666603/2657315, Margao: Shop No. G-6 & G-7, Jeevottam Sundara, 81, Primitive Hospicio Road, Behind Cine Metropole, Margao, Goa-403 601, Tel.: (0832) 2711133, Nasik: Apurva Avenue, Ground Floor, Near Kusumagraj Pratishthan, Tilak Wadi, Nasik-422002, Tel: (0253) 2570251/252, Panaji: E.D.C. House, Mezzanine Floor, Dr. A.B. Road, Panaji, Goa-403 001, Tel: (0832) 2222472, Pune: Ground Floor, Shubhadra Bhavan, Apte Road, Opposite Ramee Grand Hotel, Pune - 411 004. Maharashtra, Tel.: (020) 25521052 / 53 / 54 / 55 / 63, Solapur: 157/2 C, Railway Lines, Rajabhau Patwardhan Chowk, Solapur - 413 003, Maharashtra, Tel.: (0217) 223 11767.

#### **NORTH ZONE**

#### **CHANDIGARH REGION**

Ambala: 5686-5687, Nicholson Road, Ambala Cantt, Haryana, Pin-133 001, Tel.: (0171) 2631780, Amritsar: 69, Court Road, Amritsar-143001, Tel.: (0183) 2564388, Bhatinda: 2047, II Floor, Crown Plaza Complex, Mall Road, Bhatinda – 151 001, Punjab, Tel.: (0164) 223 6500, Chandigarh: Jeevan Prakash (LIC Bldg.), Sector 17-B, Chandigarh-160 017, Tel.: (0172) 2703683, Jalandhar: "Ajit Complex", First Floor, 130 Ranjit Nagar, G. T. Road, Jalandhar-144 001, Tel.: (0181) 22324756, Jammu: Gupta's Tower, CB-13, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Rail Head Complex, Jammu – 180 004, Jammu & Kashmir, Tel.: (0191) 2470627, Ludhiana: Ground Floor, S CO 28, Feroze Gandhi Market, Ludhiana-141 001, Tel.: (0161) 2441264, Panipat: Office no.7, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, N K Tower, Opposite ABM AMRO Bank, G T Road, Panipat – 132 103, Haryana, Tel.: (0180) 263 1942, Patiala: SCO No. 43, Ground Floor, New Leela Bhawan, Patiala, Punjab-147 001, Tel.: (0175) 2300341, Shimla: Bell Villa, 5th Floor, Below Scandal Point, The Mall, Shimla, Himachal Pradesh - 171 001, Tel. No.: (0177) 2657 803.

#### **DELHI REGION**

Dehradun: 56, Rajpur Road, Hotel Classic International, Dehradun-248 001, Tel: (0135) 2743203, Faridabad: Shop No.6, First Floor, Above AXIS Bank, Crown Complex, 1 & 2 Chowk, NIT, Faridabad-121 001, Tel: (0129) 2424771, Ghaziabad: C-53 C, Main Road, RDC, Opp. Petrol Pump, Ghaziabad - 201001, Uttar Pradesh, Tel: (0120) 2820920/23, Gurgaon: SCO 28, 1st floor, Sector 14, Gurgaon-122 001, Haryana, Tel: (0124) 4245200, Haridwar: First Floor, Ashirwad Complex, Near

Ahuja Petrol Pump, Opp Khanna Nagar, Haridwar – 249407, Tel.: (01334) 312828, Janak Puri: Bldg. No.4, First Floor, B-1, Community Centre, B-Block, Janak Puri, New Delhi – 110 058, Tel.: (011) 25523246/47/48, Laxmi Nagar: Flat No. 104-106, 1st Floor, Laxmi Deep Building, Laxmi Nagar District Centre, Laxmi Nagar, New Delhi – 110092, Tel. No. (011) 2252 9398 / 9374, Meerut: 10/8 Ground Floor, Niranjan Vatika, Begum Bridge Road, Near Bachcha Park, Meerut - 250 001, Uttar Pradesh, Tel.: (0121) 648031/2, Moradabad: Shri Vallabh Complex, Near Cross Road Mall, Civil Lines, Moradabad – 244 001, Uttar Pradesh, Tel.: (0591) 2411220, Nehru Place: G-7, Hemkunt Tower (Modi Tower), 98, Nehru Place (Near Paras Cinema), New Delhi-110 019, Tel: (011) 28898128, New Delhi: 101, Kailash Building, 26 Kasturba Gandhi Marg, New Delhi – 110 001, Delhi NCT Tel.: (011) 6617 8961/62/66/67 Fax: (011) 6617 8974, Noida: J-26, Ground Floor, Near Centre Stage Mall, Sector 18, Noida –201 301, Tel: (0120) 2512311 to 314, Pitam Pura: G-5-10 Aggarwal Cyber Plaza, Netaji Subhash Place, Pitam Pura, Delhi – 110 034, Tel: (011) 27351001.

#### **RAJASTHAN REGION**

Ajmer: Uday Jyoti Complex, First Floor, India Motor Circle, Kutchery Road, Ajmer-305 001, Tel: (0145) 2423948, Alwar: Plot No.1, Jai Complex (1st Floor), Above AXIS Bank, Road No.2, Alwar – 301 001, Rajasthan, Tel.: (0144) 2700303/4, Bhilwara: B-6 Ground Floor, S K Plaza, Pur Road, Bhilwara – 311 001, Rajasthan, Tel.: (01482) 242220/21, Bikaner: Gupta Complex, 1st Floor, Opposite Chhapan Bhog, Rani Bazar, Bikaner – 334 001, Rajasthan, Tel: (0151) 2524755, Jaipur: Vasanti, 1st Floor, Plot No. 61-A, Dhuleshwar Garden, Sardar Patel Marg, 'C' Scheme, Jaipur-302 001, Tel: (0141)-4004941/43 to 46, Jodhpur: 51 Kalpataru Shopping Centre, Shastri Nagar, Near Ashapurna Mall, Jodhpur – 342 005, Tel.: (0291)-5135100, Kota: Sunder Arcade, Plot No.1, Aerodrome Circle, Kota-324007, Tel: (0744)-2502242/07, Sikar: 9-10, 1st Floor, Bhasker Height, Ward No.28, Silver Jubilee Road, Shramdaan Marg, Nr. S K Hospital, Sikar, Rajasthan – 332 001, Tel: (01572) 271044, 271043, Sriganganagar: Shop No.4 Ground Floor, Plot No.49, National Highway No.15, Opp. Bhihani Petrol Pump, Sriganganagar – 335 001, Rajasthan, Tel: (0154) 2481602, Udaipur: Ground Floor, RTDC Bldg., Hotel Kajri, Shastri Circle, Udaipur-313001, Tel: (0294)–2423065/66/67.

#### **UTTAR PRADESH REGION**

**Agra:** FCI Building, Ground Floor, 60/4, Sanjay Place, Agra–282 002, Tel: (0562) 2857789, 2858047, **Aligarh:** 3/339-A Ram Ghat Road, Opp. Atrauli Bus Stand, Aligarh, Uttar Pradesh–202 001, Tel: (0571) 2741511, **Allahabad:** 4, Sardar Patel Marg, 1st Floor, Civil Lines, Allahabad-211 001, Tel: (0532) 2561028, **Bareilly:** 116-117 Deen Dayal Puram, Bareilly, Uttar Pradesh-243 005, Tel.: (0581) 2303014, **Gorakhpur:** Cross Road The Mall, Shop No. 16 - 20, 1st Floor, Bank Road, A. D. Chowk, Gorakhpur - 273 001, Uttar Pradesh, Tel.: (0551) 220 4995 / 4996, **Kanpur:** 16/77, Civil Lines, Kanpur-208 001, Tel: (0512) 2304278, **Lucknow:** Aryan Business Park, 2<sup>nd</sup> floor, 19/32 Park Road (old 90 M G Road), Lucknow-226 001, Tel: (0522) 2238491/2238598, **Varanasi:** 1st Floor, D-58/2A-1, Bhawani Market, Rathyatra, Varanasi-221 010, Tel: (0542) 2226881.

#### **EAST ZONE**

#### **BIHAR REGION**

**Bhagalpur:** 1st floor, Kavita Apartment, Opposite Head Post Office, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bhagalpur-812 001, Bihar, Tel.: (0641) 2300040/41, **Darbhanga:** VIP Road, Allalpatti, Opposite Mahamaya Nursing Home, P.O. Darbhanga Medical College, Laheraisarai, Dist – Darbhanga, Bihar – 846 003, Tel.: (06272) 250 033, **Gaya:** 1st Floor, Zion Complex, Opp. Fire Brigade, Swarajpuri Road, Gaya-823 001, Bihar, Tel: (0631) 2221623, **Muzaffarpur:** Ground Floor, LIC 'Jeevan Prakash' Bldg., Uma Shankar Pandit Marg, Opposite Devisthan (Devi Mandir) Club Road, Muzaffarpur (Bihar), Pin – 842 002, Tel.: (0621) 2265091, **Patna:** 3rd Floor, Harshwardhan Arcade, Beside Lok Nayak Jai Prakash Bhawan, (Near Dak Bunglow Crossing), Fraser Road, Patna – 800 001, Bihar, Tel: (0612) 2200047.

#### NORTH EAST REGION

**Agartala:** Suriya Chowmohani, Hari Ganga Basak Road, Agartala - 799 001, Tripura, Tel.: (0381) 2387812, **Guwahati:** 1st Floor, Hindustan Bldg., M.L. Nehru Marg, Panbazar, Guwahati-781 001, Tel: (0361) 254 5870, **Shillong:** Saket Bhawan, Above Mohini Store, Police Bazar, Shillong-793 001, Meghalaya, Tel.: (0364) 250 0910, **Silchar:** First Floor, N. N. Dutta Road, Shillong Patty, Silchar, Assam - 788 001, Tel.: (03842) 230082/230091, **Tinsukia:** Ward No.6, Chirwapatty Road, Tinsukia – 786 125, Assam, Tel.: (0374) 234 0266/234 1026.

#### ORISSA & JHARKHAND REGION

Bokaro: Plot C-1, 20-C (Ground Floor), City Centre, Sector – 4, Bokaro Steel City, Bokaro – 827 004, Jharkhand, Tel.: (06542) 323865, 233348, **Dhanbad:** 111 & 112, Shriram Mall, Shastri Nagar, Bank More, Dhanbad-826 001, Tel.: (0326) 6451 971/2304676, **Jamshedpur:** 1-A, Ram Mandir Area, Gr. & 2nd Floor, Bistupur, Jamshedpur-831 001, Tel: (0657) 2756074, **Ranchi:** Shop No. 8 & 9, SPG Mart, Commercial Complex, Old H B Road, Bahu Bazar, Ranchi-834 001, Tel: (0651) 2900 206/07, **Balasore:** Plot No.570, 1st Floor, Station Bazar, Near Durga Mandap, Balasore – 756 001, Orissa, Tel.: (06782) 241894/241947, **Berhampur:** 4th East Side Lane, Dharma Nagar, Gandhi Nagar, Berhampur - 760 001, Orissa, Tel.: (0680) 2225094/95, **Bhubaneshwar:** 1st & 2nd Floor, OCHC Bldg., 24, Janpath, Kharvela Nagar, Nr. Ram Mandir, Bhubaneshwar-751 001, Tel: (0674) 2410995, **Cuttack:** Roy Villa, 2<sup>nd</sup> floor, Bajrakabati Road, P.O.-Buxi Bazar, Cuttack-753 001, Orissa, Tel: (0671) 231 5350/5351/5352, **Rourkela:** Shree Vyas Complex, Ground Floor, Panposh Road, Near Shalimar Hotel, Rourkela – 769 004, Orissa, Tel.: (0661) 2401116/2401117, **Sambalpur:** Plot No.2252/3495, 1st Floor, Budharaja, Opp. Budharaja Post Office, Sambalpur, Orissa-768 004, Tel: (0663) 2520214.

#### WEST BENGAL REGION

**Baharampur:** 1/5 K K Banerjee Road, 1st Floor, Gorabazar, Baharampur – 742 101, West Bengal, Tel.: (03482) 277163, **Barasat:** 57 Jessore Road, 1st Floor, Sethpukur, Barasat, North 24 Paraganas, Pin-700 124, West Bengal, Tel.: (033) 25844583, **Bardhaman:** Sree Gopal Bhavan, 37 A, G.T.Road, 2nd Floor, Parbirhata, Bardhaman – 713 101, West Bengal, Tel.: (0342) 2647238, **Durgapur:** 3rd Administrative Bldg., 2nd Floor, Asansol Durgapur Dev. Authority, City Centre, Durgapur-713216, Tel: (0343) 2546831, **Kalyani:** B-12/1 Central Park, Kalyani -741 235, District: Nadia, West Bengal, Tel.: (033) 25025135/6, **Kharagpur:** M/s. Atwal Real Estate Pvt. Ltd., 1st Floor, M S Tower, O.T. Road, Opp. College INDA, Kharagpur, Paschim Midnapore-721 305, Tel: (0322) 228518, 29, **Kolkata**: Netaji Subhash Chandra Road, Kolkata-700 001, Tel: (033) 22436571/22134832, **Malda:** 10/26 K J Sanyal Road, 1st Floor, Opp Gazole Taxi Stand, Malda – 732 101, West Bengal, Tel.: (03512) 223681/724/728, **Rash Behari**: Ground Floor, 99 Park View Appt., Rash Behari Avenue, Kolkata-700 029, Tel.: (033) 24639811, **Salt Lake City**: AD-55, Sector-1, Salt Lake City, Kolkata-700 064, Tel.: (033) 23371985, **Serampore:** 6A/2, Roy Ghat Lane, Hinterland Complex, Serampore, Dist. Hooghly – 712 201, West Bengal, Tel.: (033) 26529153/9154, **Siliguri:** Ground Floor, Jeevan Deep Bldg., Gurunanak Sarani, Sevoke Rd., Silliguri-734 401, Tel: (0353) 2535199.

#### **SOUTH ZONE**

#### ANDHRA PRADESH REGION

Guntur: Door No.12-25-170, Ground Floor, Kothapet Main Road, Guntur–522 001, Tel: (0863)-2333819, Hyderabad: Lala II Oasis Plaza, 1st floor, 4-1-898 Tilak Road, Abids, Hyderabad-500 001, Tel: (040) 24750281/24750381/382, Kadapa: No. 2/790, Sai Ram Towers, Nagarajpeta, Kadapa-516 001, Tel: (08562) 222121/131,Nellore: Plot no.16/1433, Sunshine Plaza, 1st Floor, Ramalingapuram Main Road, Nellore – 524 002, Andhra Pradesh, Tel: (0861) 2335818/19, Punjagutta: 6-3-679, First Floor, Elite Plaza, Opp. Tanishq, Green Land Road, Punjagutta, Hyderabad-500 082, Tel: (040)-23417246, Rajahmundry: Door No.7-26-21, 1st Floor, Jupudi Plaza, Maturi Vari St., T. Nagar, Dist. – East Godavari, Rajahmundry – 533101, Andhra Pradesh, Tel.: (0883) 2008399/2432844, Secunderabad: 10-2-99/1, Ground Floor, Sterling Grand CVK, Road No. 3, West Marredpally, Secunderabad-500 026, Tel: (040) 27711524,

**Tirupati:** D no. 20-1-201-C, Ground Floor, Korlagunta junction, Tirumala Byepass Road, Tirupati-517 501, Andhra Pradesh, Tel.: (0877) 2100607/2221307, **Vijaywada:** 29-37-123, 1st Floor, Dr. Sridhar Complex, Vijaya Talkies Junction, Eluru Road, Vijaywada-520 002, Tel:(0866) 2444819, **Vishakhapatnam:** 202, 1st Floor, Door No.9-1-224/4/4, Above Lakshmi Hyundai Car Showroom, C.B.M. Compound, Near Ramatalkies Junction, Visakhapatnam-530 003, Tel: (0891) 2550 275, **Warangal:** Door No. 15-1-237, Shop Nos. 5, 5A & 6, First Floor, 'Warangal City Centre', Adjacent to Guardian Hospital, Near Mulugu Cross Road, Warangal – 506 007, Andhra Pradesh Tel.: (0870) 2440755 / 2440766 / 2441099.

#### KARNATAKA REGION

Bengaluru: 1st Floor, Centenary Building, No.28, M G Road, Bengaluru – 560001, Karnataka, Tel. No. (080) 2559 2125, Belgaum: 1st Floor, 'Indira', Dr. Radha Krishna Marg 5th Cross, Subhash Market, Hindwadi, Belgaum - 590 011, Karnataka, Tel.: (0831) 2423637, Bellary: Kakateeya Residency, Kappagal Road, Gandhinagar, Bellary - 583 103, Karnataka, Tel: (08392) 255 634/635, Davangere: No.998 (Old No.426/1A) "Satya Sadhana", Kuvempu Road, Lawers Street, K. B. Extension, Davangere - 577 002, Karnataka, Tel.: (08192) 231730/1, Gulbarga: F-8, First Floor, Asian Complex, Near City Bus Stand, Head Post Office Road, Super Market, Gulbarga - 585 101, Karnataka, Tel.: (08472) 273864/865, Hubli: 1st Floor, Kalburgi Square, Desai Cross, T B Road, Hubli-580 029, Dist Dharwad, Karnataka State, Tel: (0836)-2363963/64, Jayanagar: 427 / 14-1, Harmony, 9th Main Road, Near 40th Cross, 5th Block, Jayanagar, Bengaluru -560 041, Tel: (080) 22440837, 64516489, Malleswaram: No.60, Maruthi Plaza, 8th Main, 18th Cross Junction, Malleswaram West, Bengaluru-560 055, Tel.: (080) 23340672, Mangalore: 1st Floor, Souza Arcade, Near Jyothi Circle, Balmatta Road, Mangalore-575 001, Karnataka, Tel: (0824) 2426290, 2426258, Mysore: No.2767/B, New No. 83/B, Kantharaj Urs Road, Saraswathipuram 1st Main, Opposite to Saraswathi Theatre, Mysore-570 009, Tel: (0821)-2344425.

#### TAMIL NADU & KERALA

Annanagar: W 123, III Avenue, Annanagar, Chennai - 600 040, Tel: (044) 65720030, Chennai Main: Capital Towers, Ground Floor, 180, Kodambakkam High Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai - 600 034. Tamil Nadu, Tel.: (044) 48574545/46/47, **Kochi:** Ground Floor, Palackal Bldg., Chittoor Road, Nr. Kavitha International Hotel, Iyyattu Junction, Ernakulam, Cochin-682 011, Kerala, Tel: (0484) 238 0259/2163, 286 8743, Fax: (0484) 237 0393, Coimbatore: R G Chambers, First Floor, 1023, Avinashi Road, Coimbatore - 641 018, Tamil Nadu, Tel.: (0422) 2220874, 2221875, 2220973, Kottayam: Muringampadam Chambers, Ground Floor, Door No.17/480-F, CMS College Road, CMS College Junction, Kottayam-686 001, Tel.: (0481) 2560734, Kozhikode: Aydeed Complex, YMCA Cross Road, Kozhikode - 673 001, Kerala, Tel.: (0495) 2367284 / 324, Madurai: "Jeevan Jyothi Building", First Floor, 134 Palace Road, Opp. to Christian Mission Hospital, Madurai - 625 001, Tel.: (0452) 2333317, Salem: No.2/91, Sri Vari Complex, First Floor, Preethee Bajaj Upstairs, New Bus Stand Road, Meyyanur, Salem - 636 004, Tel.: (0427) 2336163, T Nagar: 1st Floor, 29, North Usman Road, T Nagar, Chennai-600 017, Tel: (044) 65720011/12, Thiruvananthapuram: T C 15/49(2), 1st Floor, Saran Chambers, Vellayambalam, Thriuvananthapuram-695 010, Tel: (0471) 2723674, Trichur: 26/621-622, Kollannur Devassy Building, 1st Floor, Town Hall Road, Thrissur-680 020, Tel. No.:(0487) 2331 259/495, **Tirunelveli:** 1st Floor, 10/4 Thaha Plaza, South Bypass Road, Vannarpet, Tirunelveli-627 003. Tel.: (0462) 2500186, Tirupur: 47, Court Street, Sabhapathipuram, Tirupur - 641 601, Tamil Nadu, Tel.: (0421) 223 6337/6339, Trichy: Kingston Park No.19/1, Puthur High Road, (Opp. Aruna Theatre), Puthur, Tiruchirapalli-620 017, Tel.: (0431) 2770713, Vellore: 1st Floor (Back side), Sai Rajya, No.14, Officers Line (Anna Salai), Vellore - 632 001, Tamil Nadu, Tel.: (0416) 2235357 / 5339.

#### UTI NRI CELL

UTI Tower, 'Gn' Block, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai-400 051, Tel: 66786064 • Fax 26528175 •E-mail: uti-nri@uti.co.in

#### OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR

**M/s. Karvy Computershare Pvt. Ltd.:** Unit: UTIMF, Karvy Selenium Tower B, Plot Nos. 31 & 32, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally Mandal, Hyderabad - 500 032, Board No: 040-6716 2222, Fax No.: 040-6716 1888, Email: uti@karvy.com

#### **KARVY CENTRES**

Abohar: C/o. Shri S K Goyal, Business Development Associate of UTI Mutual Fund, H. No. 1184, Street No.5, 7th Chowk, Abohar, Punjab - 152 116, Tel.: 01634 - 221238, Ahmednagar: C/o. Mr. Santosh H. Gandhi, 3312, Khist Lane, Ahmednagar - 414 001, Maharashtra, Mob.: 9850007454, Akola: Shop No.30, Ground Floor, Yamuna Tarang Complex, N H No.06, Murtizapur Road, Akola - 444 004, Tel.: 0724 - 2451 874, Alleppey: C/o. Mr K Thankachan, MJM Building, Mullackal, Alleppey, Kerala - 688 011, Tel. No.: (0477) 2251110, Ananthapur: # 15-149, 2nd Floor, S.R.Towers, Opp: Lalithakala Parishat, Subash Road, Anantapur-515 001, Tel.: (08554) 244449, Andaman & Nicobar Islands: C/o Shri P N Raju, 5, Middle Point, 112, M G Road, Midyna Tower, Ground Floor, Port Blair, Andaman & Nicobar Islands - 744 101, Tel.: 03192-233083, Angul: C/o Shri Surya Narayan Mishra, 1st Floor, Sreeram Complex, NH-42, Similipada, Angul, Orissa, Pin-759122, Tel.: 06764-230192, Ankamaly: C/o Mr. P. K. Martin (CA), Parayil Agencies, Ankamaly South P.O., Ankamaly, Ernakulam Dist., Kerala - 683573, Tel.: 0484-6004796, Ankleshwar: L/2 Keval Shopping Center, Old National Highway, Ankleshwar, Gujarat, Pin – 393 002, Tel.: (02646) 645326, Asansol: C/o Mr. Jayanta Sovakar, Parbati Shopping Arcade, Block No. 1 Shop No 3, Ashram More G T Road, Opp. Bank of India, Asansol, Burdwan-713 301, Tel.: (0341) 2301530, Azamgarh: 1st Floor, Alkal Building, Opp. Nagarpalika, Civil Lines, Azamgarh - 276 001, Uttar Pradesh, Bankura: C/o Shri Subhasis Das, Rampur Road (Old Rathtola), Near City Nursing Home, P O & Dist Bankura -722101 West Bengal, Phone No. 03242-259584, Bhojpur: C/o Mr. V P Gupta, Mahadeva Road, Ara, Bhojpur, Bihar – 802 301, Tel. No.: (06182) 244 334, Bilaspur: C/o Mr Vijay Kumar Khaitan, Investor Centre, 1st Floor, Hotel Mid Town Complex, Telephone Exchange Road, Bilaspur - 495 001, Tel. No.: (07752) 414 701, Bongaigaon: C/o Shri Uday Chatterjee, Natun Para, College Road, P.O. Bongaigaon Dist. Bongaigaon-783380 Assam. Phone No. 03664-230488, Chandrapur: C/o. Mr. Balraj Singh Wadhawan, Opp. Laxmi Narayan Temple, Chandrapur - 442 402, Tel.: 07172 - 255562, Chhindwara: C/o Shri Arun Kumar Pandey, Char Fatak, Station Road, Behind Sub Post Office, Shanichara Bazar, Chhindwara-480002 Madhya Pradesh. Phone No. 07168-235223, Dhule: Ground Floor, Ideal Laundry, Lane No.4, Khol Galli, Near Muthoot Finance, Opp. Bhavasar General Store, Dhule - 424 001, Tel: (02562) 282823, **Dindigul:** No.9, Old No.4/B, New Agraharam, Palani Road, Dindigul-624 001, Tel.: (0451) 2436077/177, East Midnapore: C/o Shri Manoj Kumar Dolai, Town Padumbasan, P O Tamluk, East Midnapore, West Bengal, Pin-721636, Mob.: 953228266242, Eluru: 23A-3-32, Gubbalavari Street, R R Pet, Eluru - 534 002, Tel.: (08812) 227851 to 54, Erode: No. 4, KMY Salai, Veerappan Traders Complex, Opp. Erode Bus Stand, Sathy Road, Erode-638 003, Tel.: (0424) 2225615, Gandhinagar: 27, Suman Tower, Near Hotel Haveli, Sector No.11, Gandhinagar, Ahmedbad-382 011, Tel.: (079) 28529222 / 23249943 / 4955, Hajipur: C/o Mr. V N Jha, Business Development Associate for UTI Mutual Fund, 2nd Floor, Canara Bank Campus Kachhari Road, Hajipur -844101, Bihar Phone No. 06224 (260520), Hazaribagh: C/o Surendra Nath Singh, Business Development Associate for UTI Mutual Fund, Prabhu Niwas Market, Ananda Chowk, Guru Gobind Singh Road, Hazaribagh - 825301, Jharkhand Tel (06546) 261015, Himatnagar: C/o Shri Mohamedarif S Memon, B-1, Deshkanta Memon Complex, Opp Power House, Hajipura, Himatnagar -383001 Gujarat Phone No. 02772-240796, Hissar: C/o Shri Sanjeev Kumra, 79-S, Model Town, Hissar - 125005, Haryana, Howrah: C/o Shri Asok Pramanik, Uluberia - R.S., Majherrati, Jaduberia, Dist. Howrah, West Bengal, Pin-711316, Tel.: 033-26610546, Jalpaiguri: D.B.C. Road, Near Rupasree Cinema Hall, Beside

Kalamandir, Po & Dist Jalpaiguri, Jalpaiguri-735 101, Tel.: (03561) 224207/225351, Jammu & Kashmir: C/o Smt Sunita Malla (Koul), Near New Era Public School, Rajbagh, Srinagar, Jammu & Kashmir -190008, Tel.: (0194) 2311868, Jaunpur: R N Complex, 1-1-9-G, In Front of Pathak Honda, Ummarpur, Jaunpur - 222 002, Uttar Pradesh, Mobile No. 8081127737, Jhansi: 371/01, Narayan Plaza, Gwalior Road, Near Jeevan Shah Chauraha, Jhansi-284 001, Tel.: (0510) 2333685, Jorhat: C/o Shri Mohan Chandra Hazarika, T R Phookan Road, Opp. Assam Gramin Vikas Bank, Abul Kamal Memorial Building, Ist Floor, Jorhat 785001 Assam. Phone No. 0376-2322092, Junagadh: 124/125, Punit Shopping Center, Ranavat Chowk, Junagadh, Gujarat-362 001, Tel.: (0285) 2624154, Kaithal: C/o Mr. Parvesh Bansal, Business Development Associate, Chandni Chowk, Old Sabzi Mandi, Kaithal, Haryana - 136027, Tel. No.: (01746) 232 486, Kannur: 2nd Floor, Prabhat Complex, Fort Road, Kannur - 670 001, Kerala, Tel.:(0497) 2764190, Karimnagar: H. No.4-2-130/131, Above Union Bank, Jafri Road, Rajeev Chowk, Karimnagar-505001, Tel.: (0878) 2244773/75/79, Karnal: 18/369, Char Chaman, Kunjpura Road, Karnal - 132 001, Haryana, Tel:(0184) 2251524 / 2251525 / 2251526, Katihar: C/o Mr Rabindra Kumar Sah, Keshri Market, Barbanna Gali, Baniatola Chowk, M G Road, Katihar, Dist-Katihar, Bihar - 854 105, Tel. No.: (06452) 244 155, Khammam: 2-3-117, Gandhi Chowk, Opp. Siramvari Satram, Khammam-507 003, Tel.: (08742) 258567, Kheda: C/o Shri Sanjay B Patel, Subhash Corner Pij Bhagol, Station Road Off Ghodia Bazar, Nadiad, Kheda -387001, Gujarat, Tel.: (0268) 2565557, Kollam: Sree Vigneswar Bhavan, Shastri Jn. Kollam-691 001, Kerala, Tel.: (0474) 2747055, Korba: C/o Mr Vijay Kumar Rajak, Shop No.31, Pandit Din Dayal Upadhyaya Shubhada Complex, T P Nagar, Korba - 495 450, Krishna: C/o Shri Mamidi Venkateswara Rao, D. No. 25-474, Kojjilipet, Machilipatnam, Dist Krishna, Andhra Pradesh, Pin-521001, Tel.: 08672-221520, Kumbakonam: C/o Shri A Giri, Ground Floor, KVG Complex, 49 TSR Street, Kumbakonam - 612001, Tamilnadu, Tel.: (0435) 2403782, Kurnool: Shop No.43, 1st Floor, S V Complex, Railway Station Road, Kurnool - 518 004, Tel.: (08518) 228850/950, Madhubani: C/o Shri Anand Kumar, Bimal Niwas, 7/77, Narial Bazar, P.O. & Dist. Madhubani, Bihar, Pin-847211, Tel.: 06276-223507, **Malout:** S/o. S. Kartar Singh, Back Side SBI Bank, Ward No.18 H. No.202, Heta Ram Colony, Malout, Distt. Muktsar - 152 107, Punjab, Mob.:9417669417, Mathura: Ambey Crown II Floor, In front of BSA Collage, Gaushala Road, Mathura - 281 001, Mob.: 9369918618, Mehsana: C/o Mr. Kamlesh C Shah, 148-149 Sardar Vyapar Sankul Mal Godown, Urban Bank Road, Mehsana - 384 002, Tel.: (02762) 256377, Mirzapur: Abhay Yatri Niwas, 1st Floor, Abhay Mandir, Above HDFC Bank, Danikganj, Mirzapur - 231 001, Uttar Pradesh, Moga: 1st Floor, Dutt Road, Mandir Wali Gali, Civil Lines, Barat Ghar, Moga, Punjab, Pin - 142 00, Tel.: (01636) 230792, Nadia: C/o Shri Prokash Chandra Podder, Udayan, 20, M.M. Street, (Nr. Sadar Hospital, Traffic More), PO Krishnagar, Dist. Nadia, West Bengal, Pin-741101, Mob.: 953472255806, Nadiad: 104-105, City Point, Near Paras Cinema, Opp. IFFCO Vala Hall, Nadiad-387 001, Gujarat, Tel: (0268) 256 3245, Nagaon: C/o Shri Sajal Nandi, A D P Road, Christianpatty, Nagaon, Assam, Pin-782001, Tel.: 03672-233016, Nagarcoil: 3 A, South Car Street, Parfan Complex, Nr The Laxmi Vilas Bank, Nagarcoil -629 001, Tel: (04652) 233551/52/53, Nalanda: C/o Shri Md Mokhtar Alam, Najam Complex, Ground Floor, Bain House, Opposite SBI Bazar Branch, Post Office Road, Biharsharif, Dist. Nalanda, Bihar - 803 101, Tel.: 06112-233580, Nanded: Shop No.4, First Floor, Opp. Bank of India, Santkrupa Market, Gurudwara Road, Nanded, Maharashtra – 431 602 – Tel.: 02462 – 237885, Nizamabad: C/o Mr Chouti Giridhar, H.No.5-6-570/A2, Beside Bombay Nursing Home, Hyderabad Road, Nizamabad - 503 002, Telangana. Tel. No.: (08462) 243266, Ongole: Y R Complex, Near Bus Stand, Opp. Power House, Kurnool Road, Ongole-523 002, Tel.: (08592) 657801/282258, Palghat: 12/310, (No.20 & 21), Metro Complex, Head Post Office Road, Sultanpet, Palghat, Tel.: (0491) 2547143/373, Paradip: C/o Mr Prasanna Kumar Routaray, New Trade Center-1, Unit No-5, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Paradip Port, Bank Street, Dist-Jagatsinghpur, Odisha-754142, Tel. No.: (06722) 223 542, Pondicherry: No. 7, First Floor, Thiayagaraja Street, Pondicherry - 605 001 Tel: (0413) 2220 640, Puri: C/o Shri Pradeep Kumar Nayak, Lavanyapuri, Sarvodaya Nagar, Puri, Orissa, Pin-752002, Tel.: 06752-251788, Ratnagiri: C/o V L Ayare, Chief Agent for UTI Mutual Fund, Gala No.3, Shankeshwar Plaza, Nachane Road, Ratnagiri - 415 639, Tel.: (02352) 270502, Rewari: C/o Shri Raghu Nandan, Business Development Associate for UTI Mutual Fund, SCO-7, Brass Market (Opposite LIC office) Rewari - 123401, Haryana Tel (01274) 224864, Rohtak: C/o

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#### MF UTILITY FOR INVESTORS

The online portal of MF Utilities India Private Ltd (MFUI) i.e. <a href="www.mfuonline.com">www.mfuonline.com</a> and authorised Points of Service ("POS) of MFUI shall act as Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) in addition to the existing OPAs of the UTI AMC Ltd. For further details please refer to SID/SAI.